

SKULL

Is Fractured During An Altercation.

As Result Nicholas Fish Died This Morning.

TROUBLE OCCURRED IN A NEW YORK SALOON.

DEAD MAN WAS PROMINENT.

Once Minister to Belgium—Son of
Hamilton Fish and Father of a
Rough Rider.

New York, Sept. 16—Nicholas Fish
a prominent club man and banker, son
of Hamilton Fish, secretary of state
under Grant is dead as the result of
an altercation.

Mr. Fish was drinking in a saloon
with Libbie Sleight, alias Phillips, and
Nellie Casey, when one Thomas Shar-
key, who knew the women, came in,
and got into an argument with Fish
and knocked him down fracturing his
skull. He was taken to the Roosevelt
hospital where he died at 2 o'clock
this morning. Sharkey, who is a man
48 years old, and the women, are un-
der arrest. Mrs. Fish who was at
Tuxedo was summoned.

Fish was born in 1846; he held many
diplomatic positions, chief of which
was minister to Belgium from 1882 to
1886. He was the father of Hamilton
Fish of Roosevelt's Rough Riders,
who was killed in Cuba.

Coroner Jackson this morning held
Sharkey in \$10,000 bail to await the
action of the grand jury. The women
in the case were each held in \$500
bail.

It is expected the bail in each case
will be forthcoming during the day.
Sharkey is in the employ of a detec-
tive agency. He was formerly a Chi-
cagotown guide. He admits that he
had trouble with Banker Fish, but
denies that he struck him. This is
Sharkey's statement:

"I have known both Mrs. Sleight
and Nellie Casey for a long time. I
went up town yesterday and went to
this saloon. As I entered I saw the
women and a man sitting at a table.
The woman called me over and intro-
duced the man to me as a banker.
Then we all sat down and drank to-
gether. After I had been talking half
an hour to them I said to the women:
'Well, it's time to get a move on.' The
banker whom I hear is Nicholas Fish,
was not in favor of adopting my sug-
gestion and he dug me in the ribs with
his elbow and called me names. I did
not strike back at him, but said, 'I am
very much obliged for that,' and got
up and left the saloon. As I was go-
ing out the banker ran out another
door and fell down on the pavement.
I did not strike him, and his injuries
are the result of his fall, so far as I
know."

Tom Casey, the husband of Nellie
Casey, who is under arrest, called at
the police headquarters today and said
that the Sleight woman had been liv-
ing with Sharkey for some time. He
said that she was responsible for all
the trouble.

REQUESTED MIDNIGHT BURIAL.

Aberdeen, Ohio, Sept. 16—Although
Miss Sarah Boyle, who has just died,
was wealthy, she requested that she
be buried in a twenty-five dollar coffin
and that her remains be interred in
the cemetery at 12 o'clock at night.

FLOODS

Sweep Away 25 Villages, Rendering About 6000 People Homeless.

Calcutta, Sept. 16—Terrible floods
have swept the southern portion of
Bengal. Twenty-five villages have
been swept away and two bridges torn
from their moorings. Six thousand
persons are homeless. The loss of
life was not great. The damage
financially will amount to \$100,000.

Dr. H. K. Carroll reports the total
church membership in the United
States in 1901 to be 28,590,637.

TRUST

Is to be Formed by Sewing Machine
Men With \$30,000,000 Capital
Stock.

Belvidere, Ill., Sept. 16—A large cor-
poration with millions of capital is in
process of organization for the pur-
pose of taking in all of the sewing ma-
chine manufacturers of the United
States. The deal has been under con-
sideration for several weeks. Members
of the leading sewing machine con-
cerns have been in session at the
Waldorf-Astoria Hotel in New York
arranging the details and it is stated
tonight on the best authority that ev-
erything has been satisfactorily ar-
ranged and that final settlement is
now up to the auditors and appraisers.
The last meeting in New York closed
Friday afternoon when all manufac-
turers who had been included in the
proposed merger signed the necessary
papers to complete the deal. It is
said the capital of the combination
will be \$30,000,000. Barnaby Eldredge
president of the National Sewing Ma-
chine company, of this city, has been
agreed upon for President of the trust.
Mr. Eldredge began in Detroit years
ago, and later located in Chicago,
where he conducted business until his
removal to Belvidere 14 years ago. He
now controls the National Sewing Ma-
chine company, which has a capital of
\$1,000,000.

Dayton, O., Sept. 16—Colonel Frank
J. Huffman, vice president of the
Davis Sewing Machine company, says
that so far as his company is con-
cerned, there is nothing in the story
of a sewing machine combine.

TENT

At Bowling Green Filled— Another Big Meeting Held Last Night.

Bowling Green, Ohio, Sept. 16—A
crowd which filled Tom Johnson's big
tent greeted Cleveland's Mayor and
Rev. Herbert S. Bigelow in this city
last evening. There were no brass
bands or street parades to attract the
people, but they came out just the
same. The caravan arrived from To-
ledo at noon and pitched the tent. Mr.
Johnson and his big red automobile ar-
rived later and Rev. Mr. Bigelow
came from Cincinnati on the afternoon
train. The two gentlemen spent the
afternoon in gathering tax data at the
court house, which they used with ef-
fect in their addresses.

The party was tendered an informal
reception previous to the meeting. J.
C. Cole was chairman of the commit-
tee which conducted the speakers to
the big tent. In the party was General
I. R. Sherwood, of Toledo. S. E.
Niece, the former Democratic Mayor
of North Baltimore, and Chairman of
the Democratic Executive Committee,
presided at the meeting. In opening
the meeting Mr. Niece referred to
Johnson as "the lion of the hour, who
would eat Mark Hanna alive, body,
soul and breeches."

Mr. Bigelow, the first speaker of
the evening, said that he and Mr.
Johnson were conducting a crusade
against monopolies. He believed it to
be a religious duty to help the op-
pressed. When he saw vast fortunes
that had been unearned by their pos-
sessors, and poverty that is not de-
rived, then he sees the need of doing
away with unjust laws which make
such conditions possible. He believed
the remedies for the evils that exist
are "home rule and just taxation." He
believed that the unoccupied part, 60-
600 acres, of Connelisville coal land,
owned by the Steel Trust should be
taxed at 60 per cent of its cash value,
and if this was done the Steel Trust
would sell a large part of this rich
coal land, thus giving investment to
idle capital and work to unemployed
labor. He spoke of "an unjust system
of taxation in Cincinnati, where a
street railroad company's property,
valued at \$24,000,000 is only taxed at
\$2,000,000, and the gas plant, valued at
\$28,000,000, is taxed at \$1,000,000."

The speech of Mr. Johnson along
taxation lines was enthusiastically re-
ceived. The party left this morning
for Napoleon.

A short New York man asks for a
divorce because his tall wife is
ashamed to be seen with him.

PEARY

The Arctic Explorer Homeward Bound.

Brief Dispatch Received From Labrador.

DOESN'T SAY THAT HE REACHED THE NORTH POLE.

IN THE FAR NORTH FOUR YEARS.

Relief Ship Windward Sailed to Bring
Him Back in July—Wife Went to
Greet Him.

New York, Sept. 16—Lieut. R. E.
Peary, the arctic explorer, is safe and
homeward bound. He was heard from
in a dispatch filed at Clateau Bay
Labrador. While persons interested
in arctic explorations were glad to
hear that Peary was safe they were



LIEUTENANT PEARY IN ARCTIC COSTUME.
disappointed that he did not say he
had reached the north pole. The
omission to mention any result is
construed as meaning that Peary has
again failed in the chief object of his
perilous trip.

So far as known the dispatch sim-
ply announced his safety that all was
well and that he was on his way
home on the relief ship Windward.

Peary has been in the frozen north
more than four years. He sailed from
New York, on July 4, 1898, under the
auspices of the Peary Arctic club, of
which Morris R. Jesop, the banker, is
president. Peary's chief determina-
tion was to reach the pole if possible,
and at any rate to add to the world's
knowledge of the regions lying to the
north of Greenland. Peary's explora-
tions were conducted by means of
dogs and sleds. He kept only a few
men with him, relying on the Esqui-
maux for aid in his undertaking. In
1902, Peary was last heard from. He
had then failed to reach the pole but
was still hopeful. He then reported
that he had succeeded in rounding
the northern limit of the Greenland
expedition and had reached the most
northerly point of land attained in
the western hemisphere, latitude 85-
56. The relief ship Windward sailed
from this port in July, to bring Peary
back. His wife went along to greet
him.

RETURN OF PEARY.

Washington, Sept. 17—Washington
is in something of a fever of expecta-
ncy over the homecoming of Lieuten-
ant Peary from his long quest of the
north pole. If the plans and hopes of
his devoted wife, who in July sailed
away to the frozen north on the good
ship Windward in search of him, have
been realized, he should be here the
latter part of this month. Mrs. Peary,
accompanied by her daughter Marie,
who was born within the arctic circle
and whom the Eskimos called "the
snow baby," should have met the
dauntless explorer on his somewhere
in the far north and in that event
would now be on the way home with
him.

(Continued on page 5.)

CORBETT-MCGOVERN FIGHT.

Louisville, Sept. 16—An injunction
with pneumonia symptoms of a
Republican candidate.

VICTIMS

Of Forest Fires Are Hundreds.

Property Loss Runs Into The Millions.

FOREST FIRES ARE RAGING IN WYOMING.

GREAT TRACTS OF FINE TIMBER

Swept Away, While Hundreds of Des-
titute Are Camping on the Black-
ened Waste.

Portland, Oregon, Sept. 16—The
list of victims of the forest fires in
Oregon and Washington numbers one
hundred. In the vicinity of Kalama,
Washington, thirty-eight bodies have
been found and around Vancouver,
Wash., sixteen deaths are reported.
In other districts the loss is propor-
tionately heavy. The property loss
is three million dollars, which does
not include vast tracts of timber of
value reaching into the millions. Hun-
dreds of families are homeless and
the destitute are camping on the
blackened waste.

RAGING IN WYOMING.

Cheyenne, Wyo., Sept. 16—Furious
forest fires for many miles along the
Wyoming and Colorado line north of
Pearl, Colorado, are devastating ev-
erything in their path. The governors
of Colorado and Wyoming have de-
cided to ask the secretary of the in-
terior for aid.

Immense tracts of valuable timber
are being burned in this state where
eighteen distinct fires are raging.

Smoke from the fires obscures the
sun here and the odor of burning
wood is plainly noticeable, although
the nearest fire is 100 miles away.

FIRES IN COLORADO.

Denver, Colo., Sept. 16—Forest fires
continue to rage in different sections
of Colorado. A vast strip of territory
has been burned over. Several sum-
mer resorts are in danger. The fires
have been burning several weeks.

LIPTON

Will Try Again for Cup— Will Issue Challenge This Week.

Glasgow, Sept. 16—It is authorita-
tively announced today that Sir Thos.
Lipton will send his challenge for the
American cup at the end of the pres-
ent week. The builders of the new
yacht will be Denny Brothers, and
Pfe will be the designer. The new
racer will be but little altered in de-
sign from the last challenger. She
will not be so elaborate nor so costly.
The final details will be settled to-
night.

The new vessel will be of steel made
in Glasgow, and not of manganese
bronze as Shamrock II.

Shot His Wife.

Pittsburg, Pa., Sept. 16—Steven
Manovitch of Versailles, who works at
night, came home early last night and
found another man with his wife.
While he went for a revolver the man
escaped, so Manovitch fired four bul-
lets into his wife, fatally wounding
her. Neighbors heard the shooting,
and tried to capture the murderer. He
fired into the crowd which gave back
and he escaped to the woods. A
posse is now searching for him.

Clash at Frisco.

San Francisco, Sept. 16—Two U. S.
soldiers and police engaged in another
fight here last night. The soldiers
were attacking a saloon with a
detachment of regulars from the
army.

Senator Hurd.

Los Angeles, Sept. 16—U. S. Sen-
ator Hurd of California is seriously ill
and has developed symptoms of a
collapse. He is in the hospital.

HAHN

Case Touched Upon By The Judge.

Instruction To Mansfield Grand Jury.

COULDN'T BE INDICTED HERE FOR A CRIME

COMMITTED IN NEW YORK STATE

The Substance of Judge Dirlam's
Charge to the Richland County
Grand Jury Monday.

Mansfield, Ohio, Sept. 16—Judge
Dirlam, of this city, created a distinct
sensation during his charge to the
newly impaneled Richland County
grand jury. A number of unimpor-
tant cases were listed to come
before the jury, and each in regular or-
der was described by Judge Dirlam in
his talk to the jury and explained in
detail in each case what would consti-
tute a true bill. The court room was
crowded at the time with members of
the bar, both local and visiting, all of
whom were anxious to learn the latest
phase of the celebrated William Hahn
case, which was down with the rest on
the list.

Judge Dirlam's remarks on the
Hahn case began with the statement
that the entire country was highly in-
terested in this particular case, of
which Richland county was the focus
point.

It was his understanding he said,
that Hahn had been bound over under
the belief that he was guilty of larceny
in New York state, and that the al-
leged stolen property had been brought
by him to the state of Ohio.

In concluding Judge Dirlam stated
if a man committed murder in New
York he could not be guilty of the
same murder in Ohio; if he committed
larceny in New York he could not
have stolen that identical property in
Ohio; that it was impossible for a man
to steal something in New York and
then, after having brought the stolen
property to Ohio, steal that which is
already in his possession.

Judge Dirlam finished his remarks
by the pointblank statement that in
his opinion he did not believe that
Hahn could be convicted of larceny in
Ohio for having brought stolen prop-
erty into the state which he had stolen
in New York.

This is, from many points of view,
the most sensational feature of the en-
tire Hahn case, and the increased in-
terest as to what the grand jury finds
in the matter has reached the boiling
point here.

MRS. M'KINLEY GETS \$38,809 FROM TREASURY.

Washington, Sept. 16—A treasury
warrant for \$38,809 has been forward-
ed to Mrs. Ida S. McKinley, widow of
the late President, for salary which
would be due him on July 1, 1902, the
appropriation for which was made at
the last session of Congress.

TRUST

May Be Formed by Lead- ing Broom Manufacturers of America.

New York, Sept. 16—The new-
trust is of broom manufacturers
concerns. It will have a capital of
\$5,000,000 or more and will probably
be organized by Philadelphia capital
interests as there are fifty broom
manufacturing establishments in the
Quaker City.

CHURCH DEBT LIFTED.

Zanesville, Sept. 16—The moral
and the occasion of the public
burning of the remains of a man
died on the East Avenue M. E.
church property special of the
holding of the church. A record of the
raising of the debt was read and the
name of each one who had given a mon-
ey for this fund was read.

The amount of the debt was \$1,000.
and of this about \$500 was given by
non-members of the church.

PRICE TOO HIGH

For Grand Duke Boris to Wed an
American Lady—The Duke Likes
Miss Goelet.

New York, Sept. 16—A dispatch
from Newport, R. I., to the Journal
says:

"A rumor that the Grand Duke Boris
may take home to Russia an American
bride, plentifully dowered with Ameri-
can dollars, in the charming person of
Miss May Goelet, is regarded here as
the natural result of a decided prefer-
ence the distinguished visitor has
shown for the entertainments given in
his honor by Mrs. Ogden Goelet.

"It may be authoritatively stated,
however, that there is no engagement.
The Grand Duke, in order to espouse
an American bride, would have to re-
nounce his right of succession to the
Russian throne. The Czar has no male
heir, and in the event of his death,
the succession would devolve upon the
father of Grand Duke Boris, making
the Duke the heir presumptive to the
throne.

"An American Czarowitch is not
now regarded as a probability. Miss
Goelet is talented and beautiful, and
will inherit an immense fortune, but
it is not believed that the ambitions of
Mrs. Ogden Goelet will so far out-
reach the realms of probability."

HOUSE

Decides Against the Nash Board Plan, But Sen- ate Caucus Favors It.

Columbus, Sept. 16—The House
committee last night formally reject-
ed the board plan embodied in Governor
Nash's code and the Federal plan em-
bodied in that of Mr. Guerin of Erie.
The committee decided upon a com-
promise by which the Mayor, Presi-
dent of the Council and City Solicitor
are to be elected for two years, the
Auditor for three years and the Treas-
urer, whether elected or appointed,
for the same term. This latter ques-
tion was not definitely decided. The
new plan makes the innovation of
electing instead of appointing depart-
ment heads. The bill will be reported
to the House the last of the week, but
it is not probable that the session will
adjourn before the middle or the last
of October.

The House yesterday adopted a
memorial upon President McKinley's
death.

At a caucus of the Republican mem-
bers of the Senate it was decided by
a vote of 12 to 3 to stand for the board
plan of government for municipalities.
In view of the action taken by the
code committee of the House, favor-
ing single heads of departments for
cities, fears are entertained by some
of the members of a deadlock, which
will protract the session indefinitely.

NO CHARTER

Granted to the Scientists—Philadel-
phia Court Holds That Church
Exists for Profit.

Philadelphia, Sept. 16—The applica-
tion for a charter made by the First
Church of Christ, Scientist, was refus-
ed by Judge Arnold in the common
pleas court. In his opinion Judge Ar-
nold says:

"The charter applied for in this case
covers a double purpose—a church
and a business. We have power to
grant a charter for a church, but we
have no authority to grant a charter
for a corporation for profit, that is,
a business corporation."

Continuing the court quotes from the
testimony of Mary Baker G. Eddy, in-
struction to Christian Scientists to
sell and circulate the publications of
Mrs. Eddy, failure to do the same be-
ing sufficient cause for expulsion from
membership in the church.

"This church," says the court, "that
is, the so-called church is a corporation
for profit, organized to enforce the
sale of Mrs. Eddy's books by its mem-
bers, which is a matter of business
and not of religion. As the courts
have no power to charter such a cor-
poration, the application for a charter
is refused."

In Braumont, Tex., 1500 residences
were built the last 12 months. It has
a population of 30,000.

JURY

Instructed By Coyner At Delaware.

To Investigate The Nora Ferris Case.

STILES' TROUBLES NOT COMING SINGLY.

JUDGE GEO. COYNER'S CHARGE

Has Created a Big Sensation at Dela-
ware—The Pertinent Part is
Given Below.

Delaware, Ohio, Sept. 16—The trou-
bles of Captain A. W. Stiles, Superin-
tendent of the Girls' Industrial Home,
have been following the adage, and
have come not singly. Thursday of
last week he was made defendant in
a civil suit for damages on account of
the death of Nora Ferris, in which suit
\$10,000 is asked by the administrator
of the estate of the unfortunate girl.

Now, at the convening of the Court
of Common Pleas for the September
term and the consequent sitting of the
grand jury, the Court created some-
thing of a sensation by specially
charging the grand jury to inquire in-
to the circumstances of the death of
Nora Ferris, with a view to locating
the criminal liability, if any.

The part of the charge of Judge
George Coyner which pertains to the
case of Nora Ferris, is as follows:

"During your investigation, gentle-
men of the jury, you will doubtless
inquire, and the Court so advises you,
into the unfortunate death of Nora Fer-
ris, which occurred at the Girl's In-
dustrial Home.

"The Superintendent and subordi-
nates of the Home are clothed with au-
thority to discipline the occupants.

"A person authorized to inflict pun-
ishment, and who does so in a wanton,
careless and negligent manner without
due caution or circumspection, and
who thereby harms or injures the per-
son of another, is guilty of a crime
and should be made to answer for the
same.

"The law, however, gentlemen of the
jury, does not draw the line between
the proper and the improper discharge
of duty, as the Court has defined, with
extreme nicety. This is left to the
sound discretion of the jury.

"As a general rule the principal is
not responsible for the criminal acts
of his agents, unless it is shown that
the act was done by his express au-
thority. But one may be liable criminally
for the acts of his agents if he
participates in them, or when the
agent acts directly under the direction
of the principal. So, when the agent
acts directly under the direction of the
principal, the principal is liable, al-
though he may be absent at the time
of the commission of the act.

"If you find, therefore, gentlemen of
the jury, after careful consideration of
this case, that the death of Nora Fer-
ris occurred at the time she was being
punished, and that she was punished
in a reasonable manner, no criminal
responsibility could be attached to her
death. Her death would be an inci-
dent occurring at the time when she
was being punished. But if you find
that her death was the result of wan-
ton, reckless and negligent punish-
ment, after considering all the circum-
stances surrounding the case, then the
Court says to you that criminal re-
sponsibility follows, and that the par-
ty thus inflicting the punishment, or
directing the same to be done, is guilty
of a crime, and should be required to
answer for the same."

It is rumored that the special charge
of the Court in this matter was made
at the instigation of Governor Nash,
and that the charge itself was outlined
by the Attorney General. It has cre-
ated a profound sensation locally.

QUEEN WILHELMINA

OPENS THE SESSION.
The Hague, Sept. 16—Queen Wilhel-
mina today opened the session of the
States General. The Queen was ac-
companied by the prince consort and
the queen mother. Her majesty was
given a tremendous reception. The
speech from the throne announced
measures amending the labor law,
regulating lotteries and abolishing the
State lottery.

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DEMOCRATIC STATE TICKET

For Secretary of State,
HERBERT S. BIGELOW, of Hamilton County.

For Judge of the Supreme Court,
MICHAEL DONNELLEY, of Henry County.

For State Dairy and Food Commissioner,
PHILIP H. BRUCK, Franklin County.

For Member State Board of Public Works,
JOSEPH J. PATER, of Butler County.

DEMOCRATIC COUNTY TICKET.

Probate Judge,
WALDO TAYLOR.

Sheriff,
WM. H. ANDERSON, Jr.

Prosecuting Attorney,
J. R. FITZGIBBON.

County Commissioner,
JOSEPH E. BROWNFIELD.

County Surveyor,
C. P. KNISELY.

Infirmary Director,
CHARLES S. HOWARD.

Coroner,
SCOTT J. EVANS.

CIRCUIT JUDICIAL TICKET.
For Circuit Judge,
S. M. DOUGLASS, of Mansfield.

Democratic Congressional Ticket.
For Congress,
JOHN W. CASSINGHAM, of Coshocton.

Campaign Text No. 3.

Added to campaign text No. 1 and No. 2, the American-Tribune offers the following which may be classified as campaign text No. 3:

"Gang rule has proven the bane of this country and the only way in which the people can obtain redress is to down the gang."

The above is another production of the side-editor, who might be more specifically designated as the A-T's gang editor. He is familiar with the subject of "gangs" in consequence of his highly successful personal experience as a gangster and manipulator. The last Republican County Convention showed his marked skill and ability in the application of gang methods in fixing up a slate ticket without permitting anybody outside the gang to have any voice in the naming of candidates.

Walther's Peptonized Port has more patience than Job, curing thousands of patients daily. See ads.

Greek architects have decided that the Erechtheum at Athens must be restored if it is to be preserved. The restoration will be limited to strengthening the building and to putting in place the fragments about it.

E. W. GROVE.
This name must appear on every box of genuine Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets, and remedy that cures a cold in one day.

Lord Avesbury, better known as Sir John Lubbock, the scientist, has been teaching his dog to read. He has progressed so far that "Van" finds a card with "out" printed on it, when he wishes to go for a walk, and picks out other words in same fashion.

Instead of tramway cars Torquay desires a municipal motor-omnibus service.

Grove's Black Root Liver Pills.
Made from an active principle obtained from Black Root. They act on the liver equal to calomel and have no bad after effects. No griping, no sick stomach. Will cure chronic constipation. Price 25 cents.

MILEAGE

BOOKS ON INTERURBAN LINES
QUITE POPULAR.

Survey of Extension of the Buckeye Lake Line to Zanesville—Prospects of Building.

Local Agent Harry Pigg of the Columbus, Buckeye Lake and Newark Traction company, reports that the new 500 and 1000 mileage books are proving very popular among patrons of the road. The books are selling at one and a quarter cents a mile, making a 500 mile book cost \$6.25 and a 1000 mile book \$12.50 each being good till used and good for one or more people of one family. For a ride between Newark and Columbus 37 miles are torn out of the book making the cost of the trip 46 cents or 22 cents for the round trip. Single fares to Columbus are 60 cents, round trip \$1. While the saving on a round trip to Columbus is but 8 cents the mileage book system has the additional advantage of permitting one to ride on the cars without first going to the local ticket office. The tickets are good over other interurbans which reach Columbus.

Actual work on the extension of the Columbus, Buckeye Lake and Newark Interurban has not yet begun, but there are hopeful signs that a beginning is not far off. Reports from different sources affirm that the company is already gathering up ties for the road bed. It is said that the road would already be under way but for some troublesome right of way questions which relate to the route between Newark and Brownsville. Parties living near Brownsville confirm this, and say that owing to the insistence of two or three farmers on a very high price for rights of way through their lands the company is making a new survey, which will carry the road on lines not covered in the first survey.

Hourly trips are made between Newark and the capital city, on a running time of one hour and fifty minutes. This is expected to be much shortened when certain improvements in motive power shall have been made. Travel has been very heavy, not only the local portion of it, but also that between Columbus and Newark.

A well posted resident of Zanesville says the Times Recorder of that city, tips off the information that a contract has already been made between the Columbus, Buckeye Lake and Newark Traction company and the Zanesville street railway company, providing for the use of the latter's right of way for the former's cars from Gant Park to the court house, and that council will soon be asked for the right to lay a third rail over that route. If this is true it shows that the new company means business. But their petition will also mean trouble for councilmen. Every citizen wants to welcome Zanesville's first interurban with open arms, but the thought of a third rail which will be necessary in order to let the standard gauge cars travel over West Main and Main streets, is enough to make any man pause.

It has been known for several weeks that a former citizen of Zanesville who was for years engaged in railway operations here, has been negotiating for the purchase of Zanesville's city lines. Few, if any, know in whose behalf he has undertaken the task. It is surmised that it may have been for the capitalists who are back of the Columbus and Newark Traction line. The guess is a plausible one. It is well known that their lines begin at Springfield, extending eastward to Newark, and that they own other interurbans in Northern Ohio. Their paramount object is to connect the central Ohio properties with the northern Ohio tractions via Zanesville and Coshocton or Cambridge.

EXCURSIONS EAST—Low fare to Washington, D. C., New York and Boston via Pennsylvania Lines. To Washington, D. C., \$10.00 round trip from Newark, Oct. 23, 24, 25, 26, and 27. Return limit Oct. 14th, with privilege to extend until November 23, 1902. To New York, \$12.50 round trip from Newark, Oct. 23, 24, 25, 26, and 27, over direct route through Harrisburg, Lancaster and Philadelphia, or via Baltimore, Washington, and Philadelphia within the limit of tickets, Oct. 14th. To Boston, \$19.00 via rail through New York and steamers of Long Island Sound Lines, Oct. 14th to 11th, inclusive, good returning until Oct. 18th, with privilege to extend to Nov. 12th, 1902. For special information apply to J. L. White, Ticket Agent of the Pennsylvania Lines, Newark, O.

Wanted, For Rent, For Sale, page 6.

R-BUILDING

THE BROKEN DOWN STRUCTURE.

PAINE'S Celery Compound

Repairs the Diseased Parts of the Human Body and Establishes Health, Comfort and Happiness.

Can we rebuild our pain racked, emaciated and wasted bodies? Yes, the work can be done even though the spark of life glimmers but fitfully and feebly. This work of rebuilding can only be effectually accomplished by the use of Paine's Celery Compound, that has saved so many lives in the past.

Paine's Celery Compound, nature's fortifier and builder, acts directly on the great nervous system, giving pure, vitalizing blood, nerve force, digestive vigor, refreshing sleep, and increased weight.

Begin the good work of health building today. Take home a bottle of Paine's Celery Compound, use it faithfully and you will have cause for rejoicing and thanksgiving. Mrs. Jas. Arthur, Spokane, Wash., a lady almost helpless from cruel rheumatism and terrible neuralgia, and cured by Paine's Celery Compound, writes thus:

"I have suffered for three years with neuralgia and rheumatism, and tried many different remedies which would give me only temporary relief. From last January and through the spring months, I suffered terribly. I could walk but a short distance, and some days not at all. I used Paine's Celery Compound and have not been troubled since. Before using the Compound my knees were so bad I could not get down or up, but now I can walk a mile or more every day, without stiffness or lameness in the joints."

MINERS

Killed by Explosion of Six Kegs of Powder in West Virginia.

Bluefield, W. Va., Sept. 16.—A message from Algoma says 11 bodies have been recovered from the mines, and that six more are to be taken out.

North Fork, W. Va., Sept. 16.—A gas and powder explosion occurred in the Big Four mine of the Algoma Coal and Coke Company, here Monday, as the result of which James Lester, an engineer, John Reckle, a Hungarian miner, and 15 colored miners are known to be imprisoned in the mines. There is hardly a chance of the men to be recovered alive, as they are beyond the point where the explosion occurred. The gas and smoke is so thick that all rescuing parties have been driven back.

U. F. Frankensfield, a mine boss, and George Gaspie, a Hungarian miner, succeeded in crawling over the fallen coal and slate, after the explosion, to the lights of the rescuing party, and were taken out alive, although badly burned and nearly suffocated by the gas and smoke inhaled.

The explosion is said to have been caused by an accumulation of gas catching on fire from the lamp of a miner, who was going to work, and this in turn fired six kegs of blasting powder that had been stored back in the mines.

The explosion knocked down all of the brattices for a quarter of a mile back toward the mine entrance, thus cutting out all of the air from the men imprisoned behind the debris.

There had been a small gas explosion in this mine on Saturday last and Mine Superintendent A. J. Stuart had personally cautioned the men who worked in the mine not to attempt to work again until the air had been tested by the safety lamp.

It is now learned that the coal is burning and there is no hope of extinguishing the flames until a new air passage can be built to the point of the explosion.

Superintendent Stuart has a large force of men at work now and made a second attempt to reach the imprisoned men this evening.

BROKEN WINDOWS—Three boys, named Neale, Craig and Fenzler were arrested by a local Zerkel and Carroll on the charge of breaking fifteen windows in the new furniture factory, in the South End. When brought before the Mayor they acknowledged breaking ten of the windows. The Mayor suspended sentence and gave the boys an opportunity to settle for the broken windows.

FUNDS

May Be Raised By An Assessment.

Gompers Confers With President Mitchell

REGARDING AID FOR MINERS NOW ON STRIKE

THE BIG COLLIERY AT TAMAQUA

Being Put in Readiness for Work—Small Operation at Wilkesbarre Today.

Washington, Sept. 16.—President Gompers of the American Federation of Labor, left Washington suddenly last night for Wilkesbarre, Pa. Today he will be in conference with President Mitchell. The question to be discussed is one of raising funds to enable the miners to continue their fight against the operators indefinitely. It is understood that the plan for raising funds advanced by the mine workers' officials is to have every member of the American Federation assessed. There are a million and a half members in the Federation and even a small per capita assessment would raise a substantial fund.

Tamaqua, Pa., Sept. 16.—This morning the Lehigh Coal and Navigation company, put a force of men at work in their No. 11 colliery, overhauling the boilers and machinery and placing everything in readiness for early resumption. This is one of the company's largest collieries. Dunkelberger and Young opened their Sharp mountain colliery on a small scale this morning. Coal is being taken from a nearby bank and washed.

Wilkesbarre, Pa., Sept. 16.—The Conyngham colliery of the Delaware and Hudson company resumed operations this morning. No effort was made to prevent the men from going to work. Arrangements were made to start work to the Exeter colliery of the Lehigh Valley Coal company, near Pittston this morning, but the plan was given up. It is probable however, that the works will be started tomorrow.

GRAND JURY

Busy Today at St. Louis With Wells' Street Car Rejection Bill—Hunting More Aldermen.

St. Louis, Mo., Sept. 16.—The killing of Mayor Wells' street car regulation bill was before the grand jury today. In the absence of Charles P. Kelley, who led the old house "combine", the grand jury must content itself with the investigation into the present cases of delegates of the "combine" which made possible the killing of the street car bill. Monday ten of the aldermen were before the grand jury. The others had been summoned but the sheriff could not get service on them and the few that were caught were examined. None was kept before the inquisitors for any length of time.

After the ten men had given their evidence the grand jury took a recess today in order to give the sheriff a chance to find the other 17 members of the house.

NEW YORK PRIMARY.
New York, Sept. 16.—The liveliest primary ever held by the Democrats in New York closes today. The chief fight is that of Devery, the anti-Crocker man.

NEWSPAPERS—The Newark agency for the Ohio State Journal was purchased from C. E. Mathers by J. I. Johns, and James L. King of 225 Stanberry street will have charge of the circulation in Newark of the Pittsburgh Dispatch.

BEFORE THE MAYOR—The case of the State of Ohio against Grant Gadden, charged with assault and battery on Wm. Henry over a week ago, is being tried before the Mayor this afternoon.

Eight young Chinese women of the highest circles in Kingston have been sent to Japan for a three years' education. It is the first known case of the kind.

There are 2,000 Methodist soldiers in the English army in South Africa. The number of Wesleyans in the British army and navy is estimated at 36,609.

THE WEE LITTLES LEAVE SPAIN.



FIND THEIR SPANISH GUIDE.

FULL TEXT

Of the Platform Adopted at the Democratic State Convention.

In state convention assembled, we, the Democrats of Ohio, hereby acknowledge and declare our continued allegiance to the Democratic party of the nation and on national issues reaffirm and endorse the principles laid down in its last national platform adopted at Kansas City, and which was fully and ably represented in the presidential campaign of 1900 by William Jennings Bryan. Regarding those principles as opposed to imperialism and colonialism, as opposed to government by injunction, as opposed to trusts and trust-fostering tariffs, as opposed to financial monopoly and as opposed to all other legalized monopolies and privileges we condemn every effort to repudiate or ignore them.

In state and municipal affairs we pledge our party to a faithful application of those Democratic principles to the end that the burdens of taxation may be equalized and home rule and local self-government be established and preserved.

REPUBLICANS ARRAIGNED.

Under the long continued control of the Republican party in this state, monopoly has been fostered and protected; the farmer and the small home owners have been burdened with excessive taxes that the beneficiaries and favorites of that party might be permitted to escape their just share of the public burdens; our public institutions have been wastefully and inefficiently managed and in them scandals and cruel wrongs have been practiced upon the defenseless wards of the state; the farmers and small shippers continue to suffer from unjust discrimination at the hands of unregulated monopoly; the fine system of municipal government has been wrecked and the credit of cities destroyed, thereby producing a spirit of insecurity and unrest in all public affairs. The people can no longer trust the administration of their affairs to a party thus recklessly devoted to interests adverse to the public welfare. As a more specific statement of our principles upon these and other public questions we declare:

TAXABLE PROPERTY.

1. That all taxable property should be appraised by assessing boards which should be in session for at least a part of each year and whose proceedings and deliberations should be open to the public; that power be given to employ a representative to present the interests of the public in hearings before these boards and in making assessments all property should be appraised at not less than its salable value.

2. That the present laws for assessing the property of steam railroads and other public service corporations should be so changed as to compel the assessment of those properties at not less than their salable value as going concerns and to prevent their evasion of just taxation.

CLASSIFICATION.

3. That to prevent evasion of state taxes by discriminating valuations, a separation of the sources of state and local revenues should be made. And to that end we heartily endorse the constitutional amendment now pending before the people and to be voted on next year, which will permit classifications of taxable property.

4. That all public service corporations should be required by law to make sworn public reports and that the power of visitation and examination over such corporations should be given to the proper auditing officers to the end that the true value of the properties had by such corporations may be made plain to the people.

FREE PASSES.

5. That the acceptance of free passes or other favors from railroads by public officers or employees should be adequate ground for their removal from office.

free speech and peaceable persuasion in times of labor disturbances is a denial of the right of free speech and that government by injunction if persisted in, will wreck the liberties of the people.

MUNICIPAL CODE.

7. That we demand the enactment of a code which provides absolute home rule for municipalities which shall include the right to establish the merit system with civil service under which that system, as now in use in fire and police departments may be strengthened and perfected and be extended to other municipal departments particularly to water and lighting plants now operated by municipalities and to street car and all public service plants that may hereafter be established under municipal ownership and operation.

HANNA, COX AND FORAKER.

8. That we condemn the vicious and corrupt bargain between the boss of Cincinnati and Ohio's United States Senators to force through the legislature a code that will foist upon the municipalities of Ohio Cincinnati's form of government in order that the power of its boss may be preserved on one hand and on the other and will perpetuate existing street railway franchises which Ohio's United States Senators represent.

9. That the municipal code should protect the public against all clauses which may be clandestinely placed herein in the special interest of public service monopolies by requiring that all ordinances granting, renewing, extending or modifying franchises shall be inoperative until confirmed by a majority vote of the people of the municipality, and we are unalterably opposed to the granting of any perpetual franchises.

SENATORIAL NOMINATIONS.

10. That until United States senators are required by amendment to the federal constitution to be elected by popular vote nominations of candidates for United States senator should be made by state conventions. And we hereby direct that in the official call for the next Democratic state convention of Ohio there be embodied a clause providing for the nomination at that convention of Democratic candidate for United States senator and a clause providing for action by said convention, upon all amendments to the state constitution then pending before the people.

Upon these principles of home rule, and just taxation, and to the accomplishment of these purposes in municipal and state affairs, we invite the co-operation of all citizens of Ohio, regardless of their party affiliations, on national questions, hereby solemnly pledging our candidates to the faithful observance of this declaration both in letter and spirit.

RESOLUTIONS OF RESPECT.

Resolutions of respect upon the death of our Brother Nelson Hutchison.

Whereas, it hath pleased Almighty God in his all-wise providence to suddenly call from our midst our friend and brother, Nelson Hutchison. Therefore, be it Resolved, That we deeply feel the loss of our esteemed brother, who was a faithful and honored member of our order, and a member of St. Louisville Lodge No. 550, I. O. O. F. That we honor and reverence his memory as one of our best and truest young men. That his sudden and tragic death is a warning to us of the uncertainty of life and the certainty of death, and that we, too, at a time when we think not, may be called to our eternal home.

Resolved, That we hereby express to the family of which our brother was a member our sincere and heartfelt sympathy; that these resolutions be spread upon the records of our order, and that a copy be furnished to the family, and a copy to the Newark American-Tribune, Newark Advocate and Utica Herald for publication.

Dated September 12, 1902.

P. F. KOONTZ,
J. W. FREAS,
C. A. FOWLER,
Committee.

Maple Dell is still in the land with bulk and brick ice cream. Old phone "Brown" 1521. New phone 493.

R. R. Time Cards.

C. B. L. & N. T. Co Time Table
Westbound—Cars leave Newark 6 a. m.; every hour; last car 10 p. m.
Eastbound—Cars leave Columbus 6 a. m.; every hour; last car 10 p. m.
Connections for Buckeye Lake with every car from Newark and Columbus.
HARRY PIGG, Ticket Agent.
J. R. HARRIGAN, Gen. Supt.

Baltimore & Ohio Railroad.

Trains.	Eastbound.	Arrive.	Depart.
106 Wheel. & Pitts. Ex.	12:25 am	12:35 am	
46 Wheel. & Pitts. Ex.	7:15 am	7:25 am	
102 Zanesville Accom.	8:07 am	8:17 am	
104 Balt. & Wash. Ex.	8:30 am	8:40 am	
112 Col. & Zanes. Ac.	7:15 pm	7:20 pm	
108 From Columbus.	8:05 pm	8:15 pm	
8 New York Fast Ex.	2:10 pm	2:20 pm	
10 Zanes. Ac. (Sunday)	7:00 pm	7:07 pm	
(Columbus & Newark Div.)—WEST BOUND.			
106 Ch. & St. L. Ex.	8:40 am	8:50 am	
112 Zanes. & Col. Ex.	7:15 am	7:20 am	
107 Columbus Accom.	8:45 am	8:55 am	
103 Ch. & St. L. Ex.	1:40 pm	1:50 pm	
115 Col. Ex. (Sunday)	7:15 pm	7:20 pm	
NORTH BOUND.			
17 Sandusky Accom.	8:07 am	8:15 am	
7 Chicago Fast Link	8:30 am	8:40 am	
3 Chicago Mail & Ex.	8:30 pm	8:40 pm	
47 Chicago Express	7:15 pm	7:25 pm	
ARRIVING FROM THE NORTH.			
46 Chicago Fast Link	12:15 pm	12:25 pm	
4 Chicago Mail	7:35 pm	7:45 pm	
16 Sandusky Accom.	7:35 pm	7:45 pm	
8 Chicago Express	8:10 pm	8:20 pm	

STRAITSVILLE DIVISION.

DEPART.	ARRIVE.
203 South	8:15 am
210 South	2:00 pm
203 From South	1:00 pm
207 From South	8:55 pm

*Denotes daily. F. C. BARTHOLOMEW, Ticket Agent, Newark, O.

B. N. AUSTIN, Ticket Agent, Baltimore, Md.

Pennsylvania Line.

In effect Sunday, June 15th, 1902.	
FOR THE EAST.	
No. 8-Daily	1:23 a m
No. 10-Daily	10:10 a m
No. 6-Daily	1:00 p m
No. 32-Daily except Sunday	6:05 p m
No. 36-Sunday only	6:05 p m
No. 20-Daily	9:11 p m
FOR THE WEST.	
No. 5-Daily	12:33 a m
No. 21-Daily	12:31 a m
No. 23-Daily except Sunday	7:10 a m
No. 37-Sunday only	8:05 a m
No. 7-Daily	12:53 p m
No. 19-Daily	12:53 p m
No. 8-Daily	6:13 p m

J. L. WORTH, Ticket Agent.

Newark & Granville Electric Road.

(In effect November 12, 1901.)	
Tr. No. Lv. Newark.	Tr. No. Lv. Granville.
1 Power House, 5:00 am	1 5:30 am
3 Square, 5:00 am	3 5:30 am
5 B. & O., 5:00 am	5 5:30 am
7 B. & O., 5:30 am	7 6:00 am
9 B. & O., 5:45 am	9 6:15 am
11 B. & O., 6:00 am	11 6:30 am
13 B. & O., 6:15 am	13 6:45 am
15 B. & O., 6:30 am	15 7:00 am
17 B. & O., 6:45 am	17 7:15 am
19 B. & O., 7:00 am	19 7:30 am
21 B. & O., 7:15 am	21 7:45 am
23 B. & O., 7:30 am	23 8:00 am
25 B. & O., 7:45 am	25 8:15 am
27 B. & O., 8:00 am	27 8:30 am
29 B. & O., 8:15 am	29 8:45 am

SUNDAY SCHEDULE.

Lv. Newark.	Lv. Granville.
7:05 am	7:45 am
8:30 am	9:05 am
9:45 am	10:25 am
11:00 am	11:37 am
12:15 pm	12:50 pm
1:30 pm	2:07 pm
2:45 pm	3:07 pm
3:50 pm	4:12 pm
4:55 pm	5:17 pm
6:00 pm	6:22 pm
7:05 pm	7:27 pm
8:10 pm	8:32 pm
9:15 pm	9:37 pm

No. 5, 15, connects with Southbound T. & O. trains.

O. C. Ry. Trains.

No. 7, 23 connects with Northbound T. & O. C. trains.

For special car service rates, etc., apply to the Secretary and Treasurer's office, Room 1101, Erieck Building, West Main Street, Newark, N. J.



Jim Dumps was quite cast down
once more
By poor trade at his grocery store.
The crowds all seemed to pass
him by!
At last he piled his windows
high
With "Force," and now, what luck
for him!
A busy man is "Sunny Jim."

"Force"

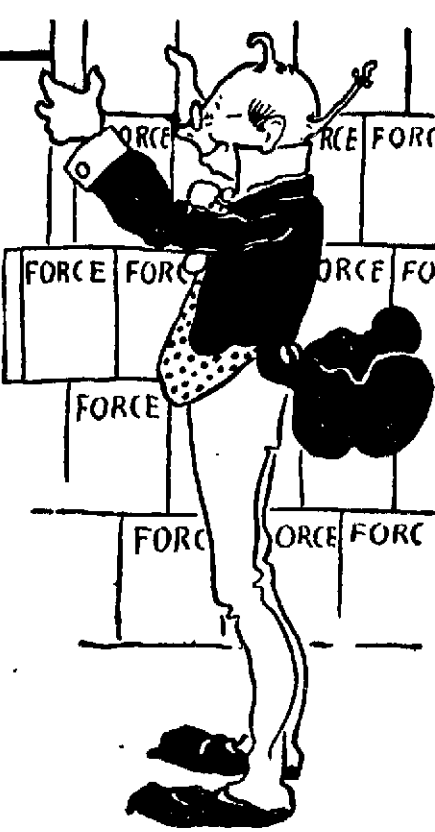
The Ready-to-Serve Cereal

helps business by
helping health.

Sweet, crisp flakes of wheat and malt—eaten cold

Everybody Praises It.

"Customers think 'Force' the nicest thing for a breakfast food that has ever been sold here. Everybody praises it."—D. C. HAYES, Grocer.



character assigned to them. The Empire City quartette sang several selections in a pleasing and artistic manner. Tonight the company will present the great drama, "For Home and Honor."

The Return of Lieutenant Peary

(Continued from page 1.)

him. When the Windward set off for Cape Sabine last July, Marie's parting words were:

"We're going to get papa. I know we'll find him. He's waiting for me and for mamma."

Every one will hope that the wish of the "little snow baby" may be realized.

The world will soon know whether the loyal wife and fond daughter have found the husband and father and whether the daring explorer has found the goal of his long and hazardous search. The finding of the north pole has been the ambition of Lieutenant Peary's life, and to the task he has devoted half a score of the best years of his life and endured hardships and privations which would long ago have broken a less dauntless spirit. Once when asked what was the practical use of finding the north pole the explorer replied:

"I am after the pole because it is the pole; because it has a value as a test of intelligence, persistence, endurance and will; because I am confident that it can be reached and that it is appropriate that an American should be the one to accomplish that end."

The expedition from which it may be hoped to be assumed Lieutenant Peary is now returning started out from Cape Sabine three years ago. It was to be his last attempt to reach the north pole. Mrs. Peary and Marie, who were then with him, were to return on the Windward to the United States, which they did, reaching New York in March, 1899. The lieutenant was to continue his explorations until May, 1902, when he would return to Cape Sabine and there await the coming of the Windward to bring him home. It was in pursuance of this plan that Mrs. Peary and her daughter went northward on the Windward last July.

From the time Lieutenant Peary left Cape Sabine in 1899 no word came from him until 1901, when the arctic ship Diana brought a long message telling of his exploits in the spring campaign of 1900. He had accomplished much, but he had not reached the pole. He had discovered that Greenland was an island, and he had planted the American flag at the highest latitude ever attained in this hemisphere, 83 degrees 50 minutes north. In the spring of 1901 Peary again tried for the pole, but did not succeed.

At Cape Sabine the relief ship Erik found him preparing for his third and last attempt to reach the pole in the spring of this year. He promised Mrs. Peary that after the attempt of the spring of 1902 he would give up all further arctic exploration. The message the Erik brought back showed the lieutenant to be still full of courage and hope. He wrote that he was more confident than ever and that he felt sure of success in 1902.

Doubtless he made the attempt. Was it successful? Is the daring explorer living or dead? Did he reach Cape Sabine to receive the welcome of his wife and child or is he still groping his way over the trackless expanses of the frozen north? For answer the world awaits with keen interest the return of the Windward.

Lieutenant Peary made very elaborate and careful preparations for the last dash of several hundred unknown miles to the pole. Besides the natives who accompanied him were two men, faithful and strong, men who had been with him in half a dozen other attempts to reach the pole—Matt Henson, a negro body servant, and Charles Percy, a Newfoundland, both insured to the hardships and danger of arctic travel. The start was to have been made in March, and they had but three months in which to go and return.

In preparation for that three months' dash Lieutenant Peary arranged for contingencies. Provisions were buried at intervals along the proposed route, along the shores of Smith sound, Kennedy channel, Robeson channel, all the way to Cape Hecla, from the shores of Lincoln sea, from which the final plunge was to be made. At Fort Conger he put in fourteen tons of provisions. Matt Henson and a large band of Eskimos and dogs were to be his companions, while Percy was to have been left at Cape Hecla to care for the camp and see that the provisions were not stolen. Cape Hecla is 500 miles from the pole.

At certain points the natives were to be dropped until at the final dash, if the expedition proved successful, there was to be but the explorer, Henson and one Eskimo. Returning, they had planned to eat their dogs as the food gave out, sacrificing the weaker dogs first so that at their journey's end they would probably be drawing the sledges themselves.

Almost from boyhood Lieutenant Peary has been ambitious to find the north pole. In early life he commenced the study of every book he could get his hands on, and his exploration of the world. He read about Barry and Ginnell and Sir John Franklin and Dr. Kane and Lieutenant Godley. In 1890 Peary determined to set out for the pole himself. He did so, and again the following year, making valuable discoveries. In order to raise the necessary money for the trip of 1892 he lectured, wrote a book, Mrs. Peary

wrote a book, and finally Peary was compelled to exhibit his boat, the Falcon, at the various United States seaport cities, charging 25 cents admission. In June, 1893, he started. Then he started on another expedition in 1895. In 1896 and 1897 Peary made two more voyages for the pole.

Industrious friends secured him a four years' leave of absence from the navy department, and in January, 1899, the Peary Arctic club was organized. Morris K. Jesup was elected president and Herbert L. Bridgman secretary. Frederick A. Hyde vice president and Henry W. Cannon treasurer. There were twenty-five members, each of whom pledged an annual contribution of \$1,000 for four years, thus giving the explorer a working capital of \$40,000 for that period. He sailed July 4, 1899, on the Windward, with Mrs. Peary and Marie, the child who was born in Greenland.

In the winter of 1900 Lieutenant Peary's feet were frostbitten in the long march to Fort Conger, and after lying helpless for six weeks he returned to the Windward at Cape Sabine, strapped to a sledge. The journey was 250 miles, with the thermometer 60 and 70 degrees below zero.

When he reached the icebound Windward, an operation was performed, and, strange as it may seem, he recovered rapidly from the effects of his long exposure. He would not listen to any talk of his returning, and so he went into winter quarters for his campaign of 1900, while the Windward came home with Mrs. Peary and Marie. That was the last time Mrs. Peary saw her husband until now, if we may assume she found him at Cape Sabine.

Captain Samuel A. Bartlett, who commands the Windward on the present trip, is one of the famous family of Bartletts, all of whom have been arctic whalers and navigators all their lives. No man is more competent to handle an arctic exploring vessel than he is. And no arctic ship was ever so well equipped for her particular work as is the Windward.

The Windward is of 320 tons burden and was built at Sunderland in 1865. For more than twenty-five years



MRS. ROBERT E. PEARY.

she was employed in the Dundee and Peterhead whale fisheries, and then in 1894 she was purchased by Alfred C. Harnsworth and sent to Franz-Josef Land with the Jackson-Harnsworth expedition. Since then she has plied the arctic icefields almost constantly.

Mrs. Peary, who has been with the lieutenant in several of his arctic expeditions, was Miss Josephine Diebitsch. She, like her husband, has written books on arctic life and exploration and is scarcely less enthusiastic than he over the quest of the pole.

SAMUEL HUBBARD.

The Humorist.

"Dick," said the humorist, "while I was on a car today I saw a fellow buy a paper, read one of my articles and laugh heartily."

"True," responded Dick gravely, "but what does that signify? You know as well as I do that we have attended plays and laughed heartily—not because the play was funny, but because we were amused at the excruciatingly funny attempts of the actors to be funny. Better cut it out."—Indianapolis Sun.

Mexico's Islands.

Mexico's jurisdiction extends to more than thirty islands.

Youngest English Monarch.

The youngest monarch who ever ascended the British throne was Henry VI. He was eight months and twenty-five days old at his accession.

Poor Man's Dish.

Panade, or "poor man's dish," is a French device for using stale rolls to advantage. Cut three or four hard rolls into small pieces, put them into a kettle, pour over them a quart of boiling water and season with pepper, salt, butter and a little garlic. When the rolls are thoroughly softened the panade is ready to serve.

Scarlet Mourning.

At the funeral of an unmarried woman in Brazil scarlet is the mourning hue. The coffin, the hearse, the trappings of the horses and the livery of the driver must be scarlet.

First Matches.

An old book in which were recorded the bets of John Walker, a chemist of Durham, England, furnishes evidence that he was the first inventor of the lucifer match. In 1827 he sold the first box, the price being 1s. 6d.

Brilliant Beetles.

Beetles in the East and West Indies are so brilliant in coloring that they are beautiful as gems.

Our Mental Traits.

To our parents, says an expert, we are indebted for half our mental traits; to our grandparents, one-fourth; to our great-grandparents, one-eighth; and so forth.

Ayer's Sarsaparilla

We put the best in it. You get the best out of it. And the doctors approve. J.C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass.

SHOES SLIPPERS RIDING BOOTS OVERSHOES SHOES

Patent Colt Skin

Shoes For Women

Union Made ——— Union Made

\$2.50 and \$3

The only patent leather shoe that will not break through.

The leading shoe for fall and winter wear, made in the ever popular "Colonial Dame" and "Rockingham" makes, with hand-sewed extension soles, and the best grade of Patent Colt Skin uppers. This is considered the toughest leather made today and absolutely will not break through. Whether you are in need of a pair or not, call and see them.

SOLD ONLY BY THE

Sample Shoe Store

BOOTS SLIPPERS RIDING BOOTS OVERSHOES BOOTS

J. H. MCCAHOON, DENTIST

Memorial Building, Newark, O.

Both Phones.

Office Hours 8 to 11:30 a. m.; 1 to 5 p. m.

Our charges are moderate and our work ALWAYS proves satisfactory.

"DIRT IN THE HOUSE BUILDS THE HIGHWAY TO BEGGARY." BE WISE IN TIME AND USE

SAPOLIO

ST. JOE ROAD.

School commenced Monday with Mr. Howard Miller as teacher.

Mr. B. J. Mattingly and family and Frank Egan and family spent Sunday at Idlewild Park.

Mr. William Trenor of West Lafayette, and Mr. M. Collopy of Coshocton visited at the home of F. J. Trenor Saturday and Sunday.

Quite a number from this place attended the Hartford fair last week.

Mr. E. J. Mattingly bought a new corn harvester and put it in operation last week.

CALIFORNIA and the NORTHWEST.—If you are thinking of going to Utah, Idaho, Montana, Washington, Oregon, California, New Mexico or Arizona, during September or October, it would be greatly to your interest to communicate with me, advising your objective point, the number of persons in your party and the time you expect to start, as the Missouri Pacific Railway have authorized during mentioned period unusually low one-way colonist rates to the described territory which are lower than ever. Maps and illustrated printed matter free. A. A. Gallagher, D. P. A., 415 Walnut St., Cincinnati, O.

Coming Events.

Sept. 30—Licking County Fair opens.

A remarkable family passed through Kansas the other day en route from Iowa to Oklahoma. It was composed of Michael Stredendorfer, with 16 sons, 2 daughters and grand children enough to almost fill a car.

TO VISIT THE PRESIDENT.

Oyster Bay, Sept. 16—It is given out at the executive office today that Senators Hanna, Spooner, Allison, Aldrich and Lodge would arrive early this afternoon and stay until late in the evening.

Read Advocate want ads, page 6.

A PARSON'S NOBLE ACT.

"I want all the world to know," writes Rev. C. J. Biddings, of Ashaway, R. I., "what a thoroughly good and reliable medicine I found in Electric Bitters. They cured me of jaundice and liver troubles that had caused me great suffering for many years. For a year and all-around cure they excel anything I ever saw." Electric Bitters are the essence of all for their wonderful work in liver, kidney and stomach troubles. Don't fail to try them. Only for Satisfaction is guaranteed by F. H. Hall, druggist.

There are seven species of salmon in the Taku river, Alaska. Each has its date of arrival from the sea at the spawning ground.

Shoulder Braces

It is not at play, but at work, that children get round shouldered, and they have several months of work ahead of them. A little help during the growing period will insure square shoulders, while neglect may mean a defect that will never be remedied. We have

R. W. SMITH,

Prescription Druggist,

S. E. Corner Park, Opp. P. O.

Both Phones.

AN EXCELLENT COLLECTION

Of New Dress Goods, New Cloaks, New Skirts, New Waists, New Street Hats.

Look them up at

J. W. HANSBERGER & BRO'S

There are seven species of salmon in the Taku river, Alaska. Each has its date of arrival from the sea at the spawning ground.

PASTORS

Named for Mt. Vernon District Which Includes Utica, Homer and Other Nearby Towns.

The Ninth Ohio conference at Ashland has adjourned after making the appointments. Those of the M. Vernon district, which include several Licking county towns, follow:

Mt. Vernon district—J. F. Smith, presiding elder; Avondale, J. L. Reed; Bakersville, M. A. Castle; Belleville and Butler, E. B. Shumaker; Centerburg, D. L. Edwards, Chester, C. M. Gay; Conesville, J. D. Matthews; Danville, E. C. Snyder; Democracy, J. F. Steele; Fredericktown, A. C. Corfman; Galena, E. S. Tompkins; Gambier, B. F. Rhoads; Homer, Brandon, W. B. Maughman; Howard and Millwood to be supplied; Keene and Clark, L. A. Ensley; Killbuck, A. McCullough; Levering, D. S. Carpenter; Lock and Wesley, F. H. Huntsberger; Millersburg, H. S. Powell; Mohawk, to be supplied; Mt. Vernon, Charles Guilmoré; Roscoe, G. H. Huffman; Sparta, O. W. Waters; Trinway, C. L. Lewis; Utica and Martinsburg, W. S. Chapman; Warsaw and Blooming Grove, H. H. Crimm; West Bedford, R. C. Biechle.

PENNSYLVANIA EXCURSIONS

REDUCED FARES.
Chance for Trips via Pennsylvania Lines at Small Cost.

COSHOCTON—Oct. 7th to 10th, inclusive, excursion tickets to Coshocton, account fair, will be sold at reduced rates from Dennison, Newark and intermediate ticket stations on the Pennsylvania Lines.

CHATTANOOGA—Excursion tickets to Chattanooga, Tenn., account Sherman Brigade Reunion, will be sold via Pennsylvania Lines, Sept. 16th and 17th. Detail information will be furnished by Pennsylvania Ticket Agents.

CALIFORNIA—Excursion tickets will be sold Sept. 28th to 30th, inclusive, to San Francisco and Los Angeles, Cal., account Meeting of National Wholesale Druggists' Association at Montgomery, Cal. For particulars apply to Pennsylvania Lines Ticket Agents.

DES MOINES—Low fares to Des Moines, Iowa, will be in effect via Pennsylvania Lines for the Sovereign Grand Lodge, I. O. O. F. meeting. For information about rates, dates on which tickets will be sold, and time of trains, apply to local Ticket Agents of Pennsylvania Lines.

G. A. R. AT WASHINGTON—Persons who expect to attend the 76th National Encampment of the Grand Army of the Republic at Washington, D. C., in October, or who may contemplate a sight seeing trip to the National Capital, should consult local ticket agents of the Pennsylvania Lines in regard to low fares, stop-over privileges, side trips, etc. Apply to J. L. Worth, Ticket Agent, Newark, O., or L. B. Freeman, D. P. Agt., Columbus, O.



This shaped box—no other

CITY COUNCIL

HELD A SHORT SESSION MONDAY EVENING.

West End Residents Want Paving.
The Cedar Street Paving Ordinance Read.

The City Council met in regular session Monday evening with President Rossell in the chair. The members present were: Messrs. Deardurff, Payne, Matticks, Jones, Spees, Smith, Shaw, Davis, Banton being present.

A petition was presented by a majority of the property owners on West Main street from the intersection of Union street to the west corporation line asking for the paving of that street. The petition was received and filed.

RESOLUTIONS.

Mr. Jones—That the City Solicitor proceed without delay with the collection of the special assessments due and not paid to date. Adopted.

Mr. Davis—That the police committee employ a man to act as policeman until April 1st, 1903, at a salary of \$30 per month. Adopted.

Mr. Jones—That the City Treasurer be instructed not to receive any portion of taxes from persons owing special assessment taxes unless the special assessment is included and that the City Clerk furnish the City Treasurer with a copy of these resolutions. Adopted.

Mr. Spees—That the fire committee and the chief of the fire department dispose of the old Silsby fire engine and the hand reel to the best advantage. Adopted.

Ordinance on first reading:
To pave Cedar street. There being only ten members of the Council present it was impossible to place the ordinance on its second and third readings and final passage as the members all desired to do and so the passing of the ordinance will not take place until the next meeting of the council.

FARM FOR SALE.

I have a farm of 110 acres, 5 miles west of Newark for \$9000, if sold soon. Improvements, not the best, but soil can not be excelled. This is a bargain. 9-9-12td REES R. JONES.

A GOOD SAVER IS A GOOD SERVER

Those who buy my Home oil and gasoline in the machine-filled and labeled square cans which I loan, not only save 2 and 3 cents a gallon but get the best oil and gasoline made. Stop the wagon or send postal card to C. M. Lines, 150 Wilson st.

The most precious sword in existence is that of the Gakwar of Barcoia. Its hilt and belt are encrusted with diamonds, rubies and emeralds, and it is valued at the fabulous sum of \$1,119,600.

A Wichita man contradicts the notion that cyclones are funnel-shaped. He saw one that was no larger at the top than at the bottom, and it looked more like an exclamation point a mile tall.

No matter what your facilities or ailments are Walther's Peptonized Port will do you good. Prove this.

In Japan 93 per cent of silk spinners are women.

AMUSEMENTS.

Among the coming attractions likely to receive the patronage of Auditorium theatregoers is Denman Thompson and George W. Ryer's latest success, "Our New Minister," which is now in its second year of prosperity. It will be given at the Auditorium on Monday night, September 22, by one of the best all round companies seen here in many a day. The play comes with a New York and Boston endorsement, the metropolitan press, singular to say being unanimous in praise, not one dissenting voice having been heard and in addition it has received the warm endorsement of the clergy. This is the first New England play that the authors of "The Old Homestead" have written since that dramatic evergreen first saw the light of day sixteen years ago. The play tells of life in a new England village. The coming to Hardscrabble of a young minister with advanced ideas, liberal minded, far seeing, of a genial nature, in fact every one's friend, completely upsets long established customs of the village. All this tends to make friends and enemies alike, and the main incidents of the play are the every day happenings of the village folks. The piece has much comedy element, Yankee humor and Yankee dialect. The original cast will be seen and includes such favorites as John Terriss, Chas. Steedman, Joseph Conyers, John Barker, Henry R. Scott, John P. Brown, Louis Furce, Ethel Brooke Ferguson, Phila May and Mrs. George W. Barnum.

Word has been passed from city to city to not miss the performance of the Quinlan & Wall Imperial Minstrels, and to be sure and see their street parade. Dan Quinlan and Jimmy Wall with their gigantic company, will be at the Auditorium tomorrow night. The street parade will move over the principal thoroughfares at 11 a. m. In line will be the array of premier artists, who appear in First Part and olio, and the Quinlan & Wall Imperial Band, headed by Monsieur Riccaldo, who is Europe's most famous drum major. A' paraders will be attired in the full dress uniform of the Rear Admiral of the U. S. Navy. The parade in its entirety is entitled: "The Admirals of Minstrelsy." The U. S. flags and the banners are of finest silk representing an outlay of a small fortune. A greater or grander or more magnificent parade, gratuitously granted to the public, is not possible by any other amusement enterprise. The Quinlan & Wall Imperial minstrel's actually and positively exhibit more on the street free than any other minstrel show exhibits for admission price, on the stage. "The Admirals of Minstrelsy" in their street storm of minstrel swiftness at 11 a. m. daily is immeasurably superior and grand to anything ever seen in the minstrel line.

The Girard Stock company opened an engagement in Newark at the Auditorium, Monday night to a crowded house, and the large audience was delighted with the bill presented for their amusement. "The Shadow," a thrilling but clean, wholesome detective story. Each one took his part well, but Edwin Wolcott as The Shadow, probably received the lion's share of approval. Edgar Mackey as Nol Carter, Miss Burk as Milly Merton and Miss Currie as Florence Glenwood, were excellent in the portrayal of the

THE FAMOUS MINE LA MOTTE

THE MINE LA MOTTE AND ADJOINING ESTATES CONSISTING OF

37,614 ACRES

located in Madison and St. Francois Counties, Missouri, for more than a century, one of the most famous Lead Producing properties in the world, are now to be operated on a scale that will make the mines the greatest producers of lead in the United States.

Mine La Motte Lead & Smelting Co.

A. A. DAUGHERTY, BANKER, NEW YORK, PRESIDENT.
W. D. GUILBERT, STATE AUDITOR, OHIO, SEC'Y & TREAS.
Capital, \$3,000,000. No Preferred Stock. No Bonded Indebtedness. Par Value, \$10 Per Share.

New news in the simple, clear and wonderfully rich property which is 100 miles south of St. Louis. The St. Louis and Iron Mountain R.R. runs through the property for a distance of 6 1/2 miles.

13,544 ACRES

are at the present time known to be heavily mineralized, containing lead ore of great value, the amount of which already proven to be on this tract alone, would require centuries to exhaust.

ITS "ANCHOR BRAND" IS THE STANDARD OF THE MARKET.

BRAND PIG LEAD. In many places sulphide of Iron and Copper appear, while this property is the only one in the country shipping Nickel and Cobalt regularly.

OVER 1000 DIAMOND DRILL HOLES

have been drilled on this section of the company's property, the records of which fill 20 volumes. The last geological survey was made by that eminent geologist, Prof. James E. Mills, and required one year to complete. There are now 5 shafts on the property, a concentrating plant, calcine ovens, smelting furnace, refinery, machine shops, tramways, and in fact a complete equipment in every respect. Only 20 acres have been worked and \$150,000 annually produced. Orders have been placed for additional machinery, which upon installation will increase the production to

\$500,000 ANNUALLY

It is the object of the MINE LA MOTTE LEAD & SMELTING CO., to continue this development work on such a scale so that in comparatively short time, this property will be known as the GREATEST LEAD PRODUCING PROPERTY IN THE UNITED STATES.

8,000 ACRES are under cultivation and 2500 acres fenced off for stock raising purposes. 225 Farm Houses, 80 Farm Houses, all of which yield the company a regular income as they are leased to thrifty farmers and workmen. The demand for houses is greater than the supply.

DIVIDENDS WILL BE DECLARED QUARTERLY AT THE RATE OF 8 PER CENT. PER ANNUM ON THE PAR VALUE.

The policy of the company is to increase the dividend rate as rapidly as the added equipment increases the earning power of the company.

We offer for sale a limited number of shares of the stock of this company at \$7.50 Per Share. Price being subject to advance without notice.

WRITE FOR PARTICULARS regarding this the greatest mining enterprise in America, also Ohio references. Address inquiries and make checks payable to the order of

DAUGHERTY & ALBERS, BANKERS,

69 WALL STREET, NEW YORK.

THE COURTS.

CASES ASSIGNED FOR TRIAL IN COMMON PLEAS.

Pipe Line Case Carried to Higher Court—Transfers of Real Estate.

Court House News.

The case of the Ohio Fuel Supply Company vs. Albert R. Reynard et al. has been taken from the Probate court to the Common Pleas court on error. This was a suit to condemn land for a pipe line, and was taken up by the plaintiff on error.

CASES ASSIGNED.

The following assignment of cases in Common Pleas court beginning Tuesday, September 23, has been made:

TUESDAY, SEPT. 23.

Case No. 9917, Davidson vs. Boun-Je; 10094, Bolton vs. The City of Newark; 10483, Colly vs. Carpenter; 11093, Miles vs. Coffland.

WEDNESDAY, SEPT. 24.

Case No. 11165, Owens vs. B. & O.; 11190, Stout vs. The City; 11204, Shrader vs. Maholm; 11235, Alderson vs. Cooper; 11378, Evans vs. Jones Tent Co., &c.

THURSDAY, SEPT. 25.

Case No. 11430, Harsch vs. B. & O.; 11524, Jones vs. Marshall.

FRIDAY, SEPT. 26.

Case No. 11560, Johnston Harvesting Co. vs. Headlee.

MONDAY, SEPT. 29.

Case No. 11533, Crawford vs. Morav; 11626, Hall vs. Wells.

TUESDAY, SEPT. 30.

Case No. 11643, Dolbyn vs. Wells; 11651, Green vs. The City of Newark; 11652, Swinehart vs. Brown.

WEDNESDAY, OCT. 1.

Case No. 11655, Clark vs. Pratt; 11684, Woolard vs. Jones; 11691, Bel vs. Knowlton; 11693, Havens vs. Ritzer.

October 2d and 3d—Adjourned for County Fair.

Monday, Oct. 6th—Motions and Demurrers.

TUESDAY, OCT. 7.

Case No. 11654, Lyon vs. Leatherman.

WEDNESDAY, OCT. 8.

Case No. 11714, Moore vs. Moore; 11727, Watson vs. County Commissioners; 11735, Swanson vs. Jewett Car Co.; 11737, Wineland vs. Jewett Car Co.; 11741, Williams, Herdman Co. vs. Hagmeier; 11751, Gattion vs. White; 11758, Hynus vs. Lugaefel.

THURSDAY, OCT. 9.

Case No. 11759, Black vs. Seward; 11766, Stanberry vs. Halliday; 11771, Metz vs. Metz; 11774, Spurgeon vs. Atwood.

Depositions Taken.

Depositions were taken Tuesday at the office of Flory & Flory in the case of Nellie A. McCune, Alice L. McCune, Julia H. McCune and Frank B. Stafford vs. Ora M. Goodwillie, George W. Brown and Ella P. McCune, pending in the Circuit court of Henry county, Mo. The action is brought to set aside a deed. Flory & Flory appear for the plaintiffs, Fulton & Fulton for the defendants. The depositions were taken by Stenographer Cooper. Other depositions will be taken at Detroit this week.

Real Estate Transfers.

Sara D. Cicus to H. C. Cicus, \$150 acres in Bennington twp., \$1 and other valuable considerations.

Fred Tippy and wife to M. L. Emerson, part of inlot 7 in the village of Johnstown, \$125.

James H. Wiyarich and Barbara Wiyarich to Jacob Puffer, real estate in Jacksontown, \$600.

Rose Pigman to Ida Billman, inlot 227 in Kilpatrick's addition to Utica, \$425.

Merrill E. Dawson to Albert M. Henson, real estate in Hanover, \$700.

John Pritchard and wife to Alfred B. Lee, two parcels of land in Newton township, \$1,500.

Xenophon McIntosh and wife to George W. Scott, real estate in Lima twp., \$75.

Mary W. Harris and husband to Irene McFadden, inlot 27 in Utica, \$1,000.

W. H. H. Miller to Milton Monroe, inlot 2788 in Williams and Forsyth's addition to the city of Newark, \$1,600.

A. H. Heisey & Co. to James G. Miles, 162.60 acres in Mary Ann twp., \$28,000.

Rudolph Brauer and Johanna Brauer to E. A. Howard and Mary A. Howard, real estate in Granville twp., \$2,525.

Purify the blood, cleanse the stomach, and sweeten the breath by using Walther's Peptonized Port.

A Cure for Asthma

The worst cases of Asthma in the world succumb readily to the one great cure that never fails. Dr. Rudolph Schiffmann's Asthma Cure almost performs miracles.

Mr. R. M. Spencer, 2380 Vermont avenue, Toledo, O., says: "Asthma has been growing on me for 3 years, until last summer the attacks became so severe that many nights I spent half the time gasping for breath. Doctors seemed to give no relief whatever, and I felt there was no hope for me, when a drug clerk recommended your Asthma Cure. Its effect is truly magical and gives complete relief in from 2 to 5 minutes."

Sold by all druggists at 50c and \$1.00. Send 2c stamp to Dr. R. Schiffmann, Box 893, St. Paul, Minn., for a free sample package.

TODAY'S MARKETS.

Baltimore, Sept. 15—Flour quiet; winter extra \$2.90 to 3.10; winter clear \$3.20 to 3.30; winter straight \$3.30 to 3.50; winter patents \$3.40 to 3.65; spring clear \$3.30; spring straight \$3.55 to 3.70; spring patents \$3.75 to 4.40.

Wheat easy; spot and September 71 7-8 to 72c; October 71 7-8 to 72 1-8; December 72 to 73 1-2; January 72 1-2 to 73 1-2; February 72 1-2 to 73 1-2; March 72 1-2 to 73 1-2; April 72 1-2 to 73 1-2; May 72 1-2 to 73 1-2; June 72 1-2 to 73 1-2; July 72 1-2 to 73 1-2; August 72 1-2 to 73 1-2; September 72 1-2 to 73 1-2; October 72 1-2 to 73 1-2; November 72 1-2 to 73 1-2; December 72 1-2 to 73 1-2; January 72 1-2 to 73 1-2; February 72 1-2 to 73 1-2; March 72 1-2 to 73 1-2; April 72 1-2 to 73 1-2; May 72 1-2 to 73 1-2; June 72 1-2 to 73 1-2; July 72 1-2 to 73 1-2; August 72 1-2 to 73 1-2; September 72 1-2 to 73 1-2; October 72 1-2 to 73 1-2; November 72 1-2 to 73 1-2; December 72 1-2 to 73 1-2; January 72 1-2 to 73 1-2; February 72 1-2 to 73 1-2; March 72 1-2 to 73 1-2; April 72 1-2 to 73 1-2; May 72 1-2 to 73 1-2; June 72 1-2 to 73 1-2; July 72 1-2 to 73 1-2; August 72 1-2 to 73 1-2; September 72 1-2 to 73 1-2; October 72 1-2 to 73 1-2; November 72 1-2 to 73 1-2; December 72 1-2 to 73 1-2; 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June 72 1-2 to 73 1-2; July 72 1-2 to 73 1-2; August 72 1-2 to 73 1-2; September 72 1-2 to 73 1-2; October 72 1-2 to 73 1-2; November 7

Notice To Bidders.

Notice is hereby given that sealed proposals will be received by the City Clerk at his office in Newark, O., until 12 o'clock, noon.

MONDAY, OCT. 13, 1902, for the excavation, preparing foundation and laying paving brick thereon and setting stone curbing on each side of street, and furnishing all material necessary for the completion of the work according to the plans and specifications on file at the office of the City Clerk for the improvement of Elm street from Locust street to Log Pond Run.

Bids shall be for either labor or material or for both, each must be separately stated with price.

Bids for paving brick shall designate the kind to be furnished and shall be accompanied with samples.

Each bid shall contain the name of each person interested in the same and shall be accompanied by a bond of one thousand dollars, signed by two real estate owners, one of whom must be a resident of Licking county, Ohio, or a certified check of equal amount, guaranteeing that if bid is accepted a contract will be entered into and the performance of it properly secured.

Bidders will be required to use the printed forms which will be furnished upon application.

The City Council reserves the right to reject any or all bids.

By order of the City Council of Newark, Ohio.

F. T. MAURATH, City Clerk.

Newark, Ohio, September 12, 1902

Notice of Bond Sale.

Sealed proposals will be received by the Finance Committee of the Council of the City of Newark, Ohio, at the office of the City Clerk until Wednesday, the 15th day of October, 1902

at 12 o'clock M. for the purchase of six bonds of the City of Newark, Ohio, bearing date the 1st day of September, 1902, numbered consecutively from one to six, and due and payable as follows:

- No. 1 due September 1, 1903.
- No. 2 due September 1, 1904.
- No. 3 due September 1, 1905.
- No. 4 due September 1, 1906.
- No. 5 due September 1, 1907.
- No. 6 due September 1, 1909.

Each being for the sum of One Thousand Dollars, and bearing interest at the rate of 4 per cent per annum, payable semi-annually. Said bonds are issued for the purpose of building a fire department building on North Fourth street in said city, in pursuance of an act of the General Assembly of the State of Ohio, entitled an act to amend sections 2835, 2836 and 2837 and to repeal section 2837a of the Revised Statutes of Ohio, authorizing the issue of bonds by cities, villages, hamlets and townships, passed April 29, 1902, and of an ordinance, entitled an ordinance for the issue of bonds to raise money to pay for the construction of a Fire Department Building, Corner Fourth and Ash streets, passed the 19th day of August, 1902, authorizing their issue.

Said Bonds will be sold to the highest bidder for not less than their par value.

Bidders are required to state the number of bonds bid for, and the gross amount they will pay for the bonds bid for with accrued interest to date of transfer.

The right to reject any and all bids is reserved.

Proposals must be sealed and endorsed "Bids for Fire Department Bonds," and addressed to The Finance Committee, City Council of the City of Newark, Ohio, Clerk's office of said city.

F. T. MAURATH, City Clerk

NOTICE TO BIDDERS.

Notice is hereby given that sealed proposals will be received by the City Clerk at his office in Newark, Ohio, until 12 o'clock noon.

WEDNESDAY, OCT. 15, 1902, for the furnishing all labor and material necessary for the construction of the proposed building for Fire Department, Corner North Fourth and Ash streets, according to the plans and specifications now on file in the office of the City Clerk.

By order of the City Council.

F. T. MAURATH, City Clerk.

September 15, 1902. 9-15020

An Ordinance.

Extending the route of The Columbus, Buckeye Lake and Newark Traction Company, Section 1. Be it ordained by the City Council of Newark, Ohio, that consent and permission are hereby granted The Columbus, Buckeye Lake and Newark Traction Company, its successors and assigns, to construct, maintain and operate a street railway with all necessary switches and turn outs on and over the following route, to-wit: Beginning at the north-east corner of the City Square, at the intersection of North Park Place with East Park Place; thence south along East Park Place to connect with the tracks of The Newark and Granville Street Railway Company; thence south on East Park Place along and over the tracks of The Newark and Granville Street Railway Company at the south-east corner of the City Square; thence south along East Park Place to connect with the tracks of The Newark and Granville Street Railway Company at the south-east corner of the City Square; thence south on South Second street to the Paul-Henrich Station.

Section 2. The grant made in this ordinance is upon the terms and conditions and stipulations contained in the ordinance passed December 18, 1899, relating to said The Columbus, Buckeye Lake and Newark Traction Company, the right to construct, maintain and operate a street railway in said City of Newark.

Section 3. This ordinance shall be in force from and after its passage and publication.

Passed September 8, 1902.

HARRY W. ROSSER, President.

F. T. Maurath, City Clerk.

A KISS BEFORE ENGAGEMENT

[Original.]

Aleen and I were on the beach. "A woman," said Aleen, "is more prone to forgive than a man. She has more heart. A man acts with justice, a woman with tenderness."

"I doubt if any woman can be charitable to another woman."

"I can. When there is an opportunity, I will show you."

"Would you forgive a girl for permitting me to kiss her without my being engaged to her?"

"I would not forgive you if you did."

"Well, turned. Why would you not forgive me?"

"The man is the stronger. He should not take advantage of woman's weakness. Whom have you been sinning with?"

"If I should give you her name, I would be doubly guilty."

"A girl who would so demean herself would not care."

"Don't blame her. You have just said that you can be charitable."

To this the only reply was a brief silence.

"I suppose," she said presently, "you can tell me what sort of a looking thing she was."

"Thing? She was more than a thing. She was a human being with Titian hair, brown eyes and a skin white as milk."

"You mean she was a redheaded girl with a chalky complexion?"

"On the contrary, she was very pretty."

"What were the circumstances leading up to—"

"The kiss? Oh, that came about very naturally. If you had seen it all, you wouldn't blame her."

"I do blame her."

"But you said that when there came an opportunity you would show me that you could be charitable."

"Charity begins—"

"At home?"

A slight color came to her cheek and a mild flash to her eye at the aspersions.

"When the sin is confessed and the sinner is penitent. But tell me more about this bold lady."

"She was gentle, confiding. Her voice was soft and sweet. So innocent was she that she did not wait for me to kiss her; but, throwing her white arms around my neck, she kissed me."

"The horrid thing!"

There was a long silence. Aleen sat down on the beach and began to punch the sand with her parasol.

"You are offended at me," I said, seating myself beside her.

"I am hurt that I should have bestowed my friendship on such a trifler. When did this disgraceful episode take place?"

"Last evening."

"Where?"

"Very near where we are sitting."

I saw a spark of sunlight refracted from her eye by a tear. There was no mistaking it.

"Aleen," I said, "forgive me."

"You have treated me shamefully."

"Aleen, no one in the wide world save you—"

The time for words had passed, and it was fortunate that there was something besides words crowding in to take their place. I put my arm about her waist, drew her toward me and kissed her.

A burst of merry laughter from behind, a child's arms about my neck, a rosy mouth against my cheek!

"Aleen," I said, "this is the 'thing,' the 'redheaded girl with a chalky complexion,' the 'sinner,' who kissed me. She has offended again."

Aleen rose and without a word walked away and crossed the board walk, and in a few minutes her retreating figure was lost within the portals of the hotel.

"Is she mad?" asked my little friend.

"Mad doesn't express it. Can't you find a word in your child's vocabulary that will better describe her condition?"

"What did you do?"

I had drawn her on to bitterly condemn a woman who would receive a kiss from a man to whom she was not engaged and then kissed her myself.

"I have acted very badly," I said to the child, "and am heartily ashamed of myself. I wish you would go to her for me and tell her so."

I took her hand in mine and led her to the hotel. Since it was her bedtime and I preferred that Aleen's anger should have time to cool I deferred the message till the next morning, but the next morning Aleen's mother announced that her daughter was indisposed and would keep to her room.

Toward evening a cold wind came up, and the guests of the hotel occupied the drawing room. Aleen sat reading at the other end from where I was. She did not deign to look up at me, though I was quite sure she knew I was in the room. My little friend came in and bade me good night.

"Go tell Miss Aleen," I said to her, "that you have taken back the kiss you gave me yesterday and wish to give it to her."

She danced off to Aleen, who looked from her book when she came up, and I saw that the messenger spoke. Then for the first time in twenty-four hours I saw Aleen's face break into a smile. She did not look at me, but took the child in her arms.

Later Aleen put down her book and left the drawing room. I strolled out on to the piazza and found her looking out upon the ocean. I approached her, put my arm about her, kissed her, and the next stage in our relationship was betrothal.

When my wife attempts to fling in my face a catalogue of the superior virtues of woman, I fire a round shot at her in this little episode.

F. A. MITCHELL.

WITH THE LITERARY FOLKS

The Success of George Ade—A Story of Ouida.

[Special Correspondence.]

Chicago, Sept. 16.—It is gratifying to meet a literary genius whose head has not been turned by success and the world's plaudits. Such a one is George Ade, whose two volumes of "Fables in Slang" have brought him not only fame, but money. Although he has succeeded far beyond the wildest dreams of his first years in newspaper work, he is still the unaffected, modest, loyal, warm hearted boy that he was when he first reached Chicago from the wilds of Indiana, and while in his fables he betrays an insight into the shams of life which at times almost amounts to cynicism he never allows it to creep into his life.

His success as a playwright has been as rapid and unexpected as that of his advance into the domain of literature. There may perhaps be people who would dissent from the designation of Ade's fables as literature, but they are certainly the products of literary genius which is now becoming widely recognized.

His first play, "The Sultan of Sulu," has met with such favor that he is now under contract to write for the stage for the next five years at terms which would have seemed fabulous to him thirteen years ago, when as a gangly sort of youth he went from Indiana to Chicago and became a reporter on the Daily News, at which time Eugene Field illuminated the editorial page with his scintillations.

Success is as sweet to George Ade, no doubt, as it is to other men, but it is apparently much more of a pleasure to him to know that he is the most popular newspaper man in Chicago than it would be to be known as the greatest. No man ever met him but loved him, and down in Indiana they think he is a little greater than the president of the United States.

After his opera, "The Sultan of Sulu," had been running for a month to tremendous business it was taken to Ade's old home for one performance. The whole town took a holiday to celebrate. The stores closed, bands played, there were processions, speeches and a general celebration which lasted nearly three days.

The story of Ouida and the Duke of Norfolk is old and if not true "ben trovato." The duke, having taken the novelist out to dinner, endeavored in vain to interest her in one topic and another. At length, in despair of ever opening a subject that would set her to talking, he asked her outright what she would like to talk about. She replied, with animation: "Oh, do tell me about the duchess. I have never seen one." Any one familiar with Ouida's novels will appreciate the joke.

Here is a newer story and one that might be true, for it has a blunter



"SAY THAT I AM AN AMERICAN."

point. An American woman of money and position had a European reputation for rudeness and eccentricity. She chanced to be an admirer of Ouida's work and, being in Florence, went to call upon the author.

A maid opened the door and took the guest's card.

"Say that I am an American and that I am very anxious to meet her," said the visitor.

The maid disappeared. A moment later a stentorian voice resounded from the upper regions.

"I won't see her. Tell her I don't like Americans," said the voice emphatically.

The American woman rose and stalked to the foot of the stairway.

"Well, you ought to like them," she called. "They are the only people who read your nasty books."

Ouida came down stairs beaming. She fell upon her guest's neck. They have been intimate friends ever since the episode.

According to the September Bookman, "The Mississippi Bubble," by Emerson Hough, a former Chicago newspaper man, is one of the six best selling books in the United States at the present moment.

It appears that Mr. Hough spent ten years incubating and writing "The Mississippi Bubble." During that time he spent eight hours a day at his desk earning the salaries paid him by the Atlantic Monthly and Forest and Stream.

All this time John Law was in his thoughts, and the romance to be built around the French financier was his chief concern.

RICHARD TUPPER.

WHEAT CROP EXPANSION

Plan For Introduction of the Macaroni Varieties.

INVESTIGATIONS OF AN EXPERT.

Professor Mark A. Carleton Promises Great Profits From Macaroni For Farmers in the Western and Southwestern States—Is One of the Best Brought Resisting Wheats.

Experiments and investigations made by Professor Mark A. Carleton of Manhattan, Kan., the wheat expert of the United States department of agriculture and cereal authority of the world, have disclosed what he believes to be a very important source of income to the farmers of the United States which will in all probability result in a very large increase in the wheat crop of the country, says a Washington special to the St. Louis Globe-Democrat. It may also result in the introduction and general use of the new and wholesome as well as pleasant flavored variety of the staff of life.

Incredible as it may seem in view of our large annual exportation of wheat to Europe and other countries, macaroni manufacturers of Pennsylvania and New York are obliged to import a great portion of the wheat used by them in the manufacture of macaroni and vermicelli. Hundreds of thousands of bushels of wheat are annually imported by the macaroni manufacturers, for which they are obliged to pay a higher price per bushel than American wheat brings abroad. Even with the wheat brought from abroad the manufacturers of the United States are compelled to use a large quantity of bread wheat for making macaroni, and it is this use of the ordinary bread wheat that makes the American macaroni of inferior quality to that made in southern France and Italy.

In addition to the macaroni made in this country we annually import more than 15,000,000 pounds. Professor Carleton believes that if the farmers of the western states will turn their attention to the cultivation of macaroni wheat we can raise not only all that is required in this country, but we will have a large surplus for export, and the wheat will find an extensive market as a bread wheat.

Professor Carleton states that macaroni wheat can be grown with great profit in many of the western and southwestern states, especially in Nebraska, Missouri and Kansas. It is one of the best drought resisting wheats known and can be grown in localities where the rainfall does not exceed ten inches annually. For this reason it should prove especially valuable in the southwest.

Another great advantage of the macaroni wheat is its producing quality. In a number of instances the macaroni wheats when grown in the same locality with the ordinary bread wheats in the states of the great plains have given in seasons of unusual drought a yield two to four times as great as that of ordinary wheats. In one section of South Dakota where the ordinary wheat yielded twelve to fourteen bushels to the acre the macaroni wheat produced from fifty to sixty bushels. It is a very rank grower and attains a great height. Professor Carleton declares that if the farmers turn their attention to its cultivation the wheat output of the United States will be increased more than 50,000,000 bushels per annum in a very few years.

In an interview regarding the introduction of this wheat in the western states Professor Carleton said:

"It is clear that one of the possibilities of expansion in our cereal industry lies in the direction of securing new drought resistant varieties with which to extend the cereal production area farther into the semiarid regions and to insure crops and larger productions. 'In my travels through Europe I found a dozen varieties of red winter wheat and macaroni wheats that will be of special benefit to the great plains. The macaroni wheats will be of value to the spring wheat growers as well as the winter wheat growers because they can be grown in the states from North Dakota to Texas, inclusive. The idea of increasing the area of winter wheats is of special value to Iowa and Nebraska. It will enable the farmers there to grow winter wheats where heretofore they could successfully grow only spring varieties. 'The macaroni wheats will bring profits in two ways. They are for a special purpose and sold at an advanced price, and then the yield is so much greater than ordinary wheats. The yield on an average would be increased from 25 to 50 per cent, in some localities more likely 50 per cent. Another great advantage these wheats have is that they are very resistant to our ordinary wheat rust. 'Professor Carleton, having spent several years in Europe, where these wheats are extensively grown, and investigated the detailed methods of growing such crops will be able to assist the farmers of this country to successful experiments. He says the people of the old country have battled with bad conditions of climate for so many years that now they have a complete system of agriculture of their own. They have for centuries been trying to grow wheats in that sort of climate and now know the best method of getting best results out of bad conditions.

"Danish Exploring Expedition. Nova Zembla is at last to be thoroughly explored, Professor Birksland, a Danish scientist, having consented to head an expedition for that purpose. He will have six companions, and the object of the expedition is to study the phenomena connected with auroral displays.

"The Crispy Season. There's something in this crispy air that's like the fiddle's sound. When per forming for the quadrille and yet swing yet sweet heart round! When you hear a girl's voice call, 'Come up, you fellows, all. An' balance to yer partners till the dancin' shakes the hall!'

While there's lots of joy in summer, when the fiddle's sound will call an' free. There's nothing like the winter, when the fiddle's sound to call. The fiddle's sound, The dancin' ever bright, An' a feller's sweet heart smilin' as he swings her 'round an' round!'

So the crisp air sets me thinkin' of the three seasons long. When I'll meet the maid of the ball—this season.

The fiddle's sound, When you hear the fiddle call, An' you balance to yer partners till the dancin' shakes the hall!'

—Atlanta Constitution.

A WONDERFUL JEWEL.

Extraordinary Topaz Which Is to Be Given to the Pope.

Pope Leo XIII. will on the approaching celebration of his papal jubilee receive a present which so far has never been surpassed, says the New York Times. It is a topaz found in the mines of Minas Geraes, in Brazil. This stone weighs no less than 1,784 grams, but what doubles its value is the work which has been expended on it.

One of the most skillful lapidaries in the world, the celebrated Neapolitan Professor Andrea Cartello, formerly director of the Naples museum, has engraved in relief on this incomparable gem a figure of Christ in the act of breaking bread at the last supper. It has taken Cartello ten years of untiring labor to complete this chief d'oeuvre destined for the head of the Vatican, and he has spent no less than \$80,000 in diamond dust to accomplish the work.

The topaz at one time belonged to the house of Bourbon. It passed to M. Nicolas Cartello and Mme. Ermengarde de Cintiis Castro, who offered it to the Count de Caserta. The latter, in a letter to the Duc della Torre, said that the work of the engraving so much surpassed the value of the topaz that he left the artist's family full liberty to dispose of it, but he should be happy if the wonderful jewel could be offered by the faithful to the holy father.

The director of the National museum at Naples, M. de Petra, expresses his opinion as follows: "This topaz is the most exquisite example of modern times of engraving on hard stone." Under the Archbishop Gualtiero Adami and the Marquis de Salice Maro Tomacelli a commission has been formed to offer to Leo XIII. on his papal jubilee this jewel, worthy of any sovereign. The committee is desirous of receiving contributions from Catholics in all parts of the world to enable them to purchase it.

DISAGREES WITH HOUGH.

Professor Doolittle Does Not Believe Mankind Can Exist in Mars.

"When he says that Mars, Venus and Mercury are inhabited, Professor Hough probably means that he would like to believe they are," said Professor Doolittle, the University of Pennsylvania astronomer after reading the Chicago dispatch in which Professor Hough declared it his belief that Mars, Venus and Mercury were inhabited by human beings far superior to those of this world, says a Philadelphia dispatch to the New York Tribune.

"No one knows what the conditions on the other planets are," continued Professor Doolittle. "We can only guess at them, and that is what my friend Professor Hough has done. My own opinion is that there is none of the human race on any of the other planets. If any life exists there at all, it must be of a lower order, according to my theory. Accepting the conclusions of biologists that the laws of life are as universal as the laws of physics and chemistry, it seems impossible that any life can exist on Mars or Mercury. Those two planets are many millions of years ahead of the earth in the process of evolution. They are more like the moon, a solid, frozen body, where water and air do not exist. How, then, could any except the lowest order of animals exist there? Everything on the earth now favors animal life, but it will probably not be so a million years hence. Then the earth will have progressed to the stage in which Mars, Mercury and the moon are now, and this will be nothing but a cold, frozen mass of metal without air or water. Life will have disappeared."

NEW ADE, THE HUMORIST

But Failed to Recognize "The Real Thing" in Man Next to Him.

F. C. Payne, one of the intimate friends of George Ade, the humorist, arrived at the Coates House in Kansas City the other morning. Mr. Payne is the "advance man" for George Ade's comic opera, "The Sultan of Sulu," which will soon be at the Willis Wood theater.

"George Ade was in St. Louis the other night for the first performance of 'The Sultan of Sulu,'" said Mr. Payne to a reporter of the Kansas City Star. "He refused to enter a box and sat in one of the orchestra chairs. Beside him were two talkative St. Louis men. Neither knew Mr. Ade. Before the first act was over one of the talkative neighbors said:

"I know George Ade very well. I knew him in Chicago years ago. Do you see that old fellow sitting alone in that box? Well, that's my old friend Ade."

"The real Ade looked toward the box and saw an old man with long side whiskers—'Depewes,' as Ade calls them. Now, Ade has a clean shaven face and looks young. The talkative neighbor rattled on until the play was ended. 'Goodby,' he said to his friend. 'I must go over to that box and shake hands with my friend, George Ade.'"

"There's something in this crispy air that's like the fiddle's sound. When per forming for the quadrille and yet swing yet sweet heart round! When you hear a girl's voice call, 'Come up, you fellows, all. An' balance to yer partners till the dancin' shakes the hall!'

While there's lots of joy in summer, when the fiddle's sound will call an' free. There's nothing like the winter, when the fiddle's sound to call. The fiddle's sound, The dancin' ever bright, An' a feller's sweet heart smilin' as he swings her 'round an' round!'

So the crisp air sets me thinkin' of the three seasons long. When I'll meet the maid of the ball—this season.

The fiddle's sound, When you hear the fiddle call, An' you balance to yer partners till the dancin' shakes the hall!'

—Atlanta Constitution.

A RHODES OF THE WEST

[Special Correspondence.]

Denver, Sept. 16.—What Cecil Rhodes was to South Africa Samuel Newhouse may be said to be to the western section of this country. The parallel between the lives of the two men is very close, and the story of Rhodes' career is not a whit more interesting than the tale of Newhouse's achievements. That this man is becoming recognized in a national way is evinced by the fact that Nat C. Goodwin, the emotional actor, has recently commissioned Clyde Fitch to write a play based on incidents in the life of Newhouse with the westerner as the leading character. If Mr. Fitch can only catch the real spirit of his subject's varied career, the play should be exceedingly interesting.

Like Rhodes, Newhouse was not born with a golden spoon. It is not so many years ago that he was merely a



SAMUEL NEWHOUSE.

struggling lawyer, with apparently little opportunity of distinguishing himself in any sphere of life. When he came of age, he was clerk of the courts in Luzerne county, Pa., a position which he held from 1874 to 1879, when he read of the discoveries of gold around Leadville, Colo., and resigned his position to devote himself to prospecting in the new El Dorado.

When he came to Leadville, he was perhaps the rawest tenderfoot that ever entered that wild little town, but he soon proved that he had the qualities to win the respect and admiration of the rough and ready population of the place. He found that it would be best for him to enter upon some regular vocation instead of hunting madly for gold, so as many around him were doing, and to everybody's amazement the green easterner decided to go into the transportation and freighting business. The difficulty of handling and controlling the lawless men who were employed in this work would have daunted many a man, but not so with Newhouse. He soon showed the bullies who took employment with him that he was their master as well as their employer, and he was not slow to use physical as well as moral means to demonstrate his superiority. In rough and tumble fighting he was a veritable wildcat, and it was not long before he had gained not only the respect, but the fear, of his men, who worked for him as they would have for many others in the business.

The money that he was enabled to save out of his earnings in this enterprise was invested in San Juan properties in the neighborhood of Ouray. Some of these paid fairly well, and he proceeded to acquire more throughout Colorado. He had many failures, but failures did not worry him. He was continually on the outlook for something big, and he was convinced that he would ultimately find what he wanted. The something came at last in the shape of claims out near Bingham, Utah. The property, which was named the Highland Boy, was thought to promise well as a low grade gold mine with cyanide treatment of ores. Accordingly a cyanide plant was put up, and Newhouse then began to develop his mine.

To the amazement of himself and the experts who had declared the Highland Boy a gold mine, the sinking of a shaft opened up a wonderfully rich vein of copper ore. It was at a time when copper was on the up grade. Few such mines were ever found, and the whilom lawyer was soon rolling in wealth. Then he turned his attention to schemes for investing his money.

He went to London and there interested capitalists in a vast tunnel project through Sooton mountain from the mining camp of Idaho Springs, Colo. On this mountain and the adjacent hills are over 2,000 mines, the great majority of which are practically unworkable on account of water.

The tunnel was to drain these mines and allow the ore to be shipped by gravity instead of being lifted out of the shafts in the old expensive way. Work on the tunnel was begun in 1891, and today it is nearly through the mountain. Already it has opened a road that have been bonanzas to the men who came to Newhouse's aid.

It is impossible to estimate the man's wealth, for he never lets his capital lie idle long enough to be counted. Other colossal operations are engaging his mind today. He has made \$500,000 by the sale of a half interest in a Utah mine to the Standard Oil company. He made another fortune for a big real estate deal in New York. Some of his holdings in Colorado have been disposed of at fabulous figures.

HENRY W. MILLER.

B. & O. EXCURSIONS

The Baltimore & Ohio Railroad and the Civil War, 1861-1865.

COLORADO, UTAH, SOUTH DAKOTA.—The Baltimore and Ohio Railroad Co. will sell low rate excursion tickets to points in Colorado, Utah and South Dakota during June, July, August and September.

SOUTH AND SOUTH-EAST.—On first and third Tuesdays of June, July, August, September and October, 1902, the Baltimore & Ohio Railroad will sell Homeseekers' Excursion tickets at greatly reduced rates to points in the South and Southeast.

LIMA.—Sept. 22 and 23, the Baltimore & Ohio Railroad company will sell excursion tickets from all local stations in Ohio to Lima, O., at rate of one fare for the round trip, account Grand Council Royal and Select Masons; Grand Chapter of Ohio Royal Arch Masons. Tickets will be good for return until Sept. 26, 1902.

THE GRIGGS' COMPANY.

Two Pictures for Fall



OUR Fall Exhibition of the New Styles of Ladies' Suits, Jackets and Skirts, and of Misses and Childrens' Coats is ready.



The H. H. Griggs Co.

THE MAN

Who borrows \$50 needs it just as badly as the man who requires a \$1000. On approved security we are ready to accommodate the small borrower as well as the large.

THE LICKING COUNTY BANK CO.

Capital \$165,000.

NO. 6 NORTH PARK PLACE.

W. N. FULTON, Pres.
E. T. RUGG, Vice Pres.H. J. HOOVER, Cashier.
E. W. CRAYTON, Asst. Cashier.

LOUISE E. JONES
ELECTRICAL CONTRACTOR
Electric Light and Bell Wiring a specialty. All work guaranteed, approved by National Board of Fire Underwriters. Office 53 North Third street, residence 215 North Fifth street. New phone 628.

Hats! All the New Fall Shapes
LINEHAN BROS.

A BIG STOCK OF Wall Paper
TO SELECT FROM AT
HORNEY & EDMISTON'S

Prices Away Down. Estimates Furnished and Prices and Satisfaction Guaranteed.

Duff's College
Has unsurpassed facilities for giving a Business Education, and placing students when trained. Circulars on application.
Pittsburg, Pa.

Someone has been figuring out the number of words a man utters in a year, and finds the average to be 11,000,000 words.
Genuine frankincense is produced only in Arabia and a part of East Africa.

PRESBYTERY

OF ZANESVILLE IS MEETING IN GRANVILLE.

Rev. Ferris Brown of Jacksonville, Chosen Moderator for Ensuing Six Months.

Granville, Ohio, Sept. 16.—The Presbytery of Zanesville met in the beautiful and recently remodelled Presbyterian church of this place on Monday evening at 7 o'clock, with Dr. Wilber of Mt. Vernon, presiding. A quartette choir led the music, using the triumphant missionary hymn.

Dr. Thomas Marshall, field secretary of the Board of Foreign Missions made the opening address. Dr. Marshall has visited and studied the needs and success of missionary activity as few have had opportunity. From his wide observation and careful study he graphically described the work of the missionary army of the Presbyterian church, showing its evangelistic, its medical and its educational phases.

At the conclusion of the address of Dr. Marshall, the Presbytery was constituted by Rev. S. M. F. Nesbitt, of Frazerburg, the retiring Moderator. Rev. Farris Brown, of Jacksonville, was chosen moderator for the ensuing six months, and Rev. J. P. McDonald of Duncan Falls, was chosen temporary clerk.

About 20 ministers and 15 elders, representing 49 churches of the Presbytery, are present.

The business session of the Presbytery continues today, interspersed with interesting devotional, missionary and evangelistic themes.

The chief business of the Presbytery this morning was the arranging of a three weeks' tour by Dr. Marshall through the Zanesville Presbytery.

Dr. Marshall made a plain, practical talk on "The Methods of Missionary Collections" this morning, and his theme this afternoon was "Evangelical Work."

There are 300 new cases of insanity in Berlin every year. A new asylum is under construction, and the Tagblatt says two more ought to be begun at once.

A new honor awaits Minister Wang-Fang in Pekin. He has been made a brevet metropolitan official of Pekin of the fourth grade.

The senior class was granted the use of the chapel for a literary entertainment some time in November.

Mrs. Nellie H. Evans, Martha Wilson and Bessie F. Laird were duly elected contingent teachers.

HOSTETTER'S
Keep these in good condition by an occasional dose of the Bitters. It will restore vigor to the system, prevent malaria, fever and ague, and cure Sick Headache, Nervousness, Indigestion, Dyspepsia, and Incontinence. Be sure and try it.

STOMACH BITTERS

GAS

WILL BE BURNED IN THE CITY SCHOOL HOUSES.

Additional Rooms for School Purposes—Library—Examiners Appointment—Contingents.

The Board of Education met in regular session on Monday evening with Messrs. Fulton, Hoover, Haight, Henderson, Keckley and Keller in attendance, with Vice President Henderson in the chair.

Bills amounting to \$62.64 were allowed as follows: Frank A. Place, papering Woodside school, \$19.64; W. H. Weakley, repairs at High school, \$5.50, John H. Armstrong repairs at West school, \$7.50.

The president and clerk of the Board were authorized to contract with the Newark Natural Gas Co., for fuel gas for the schools for the present school year at the rate of 15 cents per thousand cubic feet, the Gas Company to furnish the meters free of charge, and pay one-half of the estimated cost of \$125 for refitting furnaces and stoves, and the Gas Company further agrees that the gas consumed during the year shall not cost the Board more than \$1800, and if the cost by meter is less, the Board is to have the benefit of the reduction.

The Board authorized the lease of an additional room in the Bolin building in East Newark, at \$15 per month, and also the lease of the building on Hoover street, formerly used as a school building, at \$10 per month.

The Superintendent was authorized to dismiss schools for Friday, October 3, in order to give the teachers and pupils an opportunity to attend the County Fair.

The Board appropriated \$55 for current reading matter for the library, and authorized the purchase of one hundred copies of "Carpenter's Europe" for use as a supplementary reading in connection with the study of Geography.

The matter of the purchase of seats for the new school rooms was referred to the supply committee.

On motion, Rev. Wm. A. Berger was elected City Examiner for the term of three years, to succeed himself.

The senior class was granted the use of the chapel for a literary entertainment some time in November.

Mrs. Nellie H. Evans, Martha Wilson and Bessie F. Laird were duly elected contingent teachers.

CARD OF THANKS.
I desire to thank my friends and neighbors, and all those who so kindly assisted me during the sad accident which resulted in the death of my father, Mrs. Ella Dial.

The Hebrew theatres of Chicago have reached an agreement by which plays are to be passed along from one to another.

REMARKABLE

TWELVE YEAR OLD BOY LIVING AT CALDWELL

Doesn't Go To School Because He Knows More Than Teachers. Freak Mathematician.

The Marietta Journal has the following story concerning Guy Scott, the freak boy mathematician:

"Mr. Frank Reidenbach of this city had business in Caldwell the other day. While there he entered a saloon to see the proprietor and sat down to hold a conversation with him on business matters. As he sat there, two school teachers on their way to the Zanesville fair, entered the saloon for a glass of beer. Shortly after a newsboy came in and sold them a couple of papers.

"The bartender who knew the boy, Guy Scott, began asking him questions. The boy's answers showed so much sense for one of his age that the attention of the teachers was attracted and they entered into a conversation with him. Upon being asked why he did not go to school, as he was only twelve years of age, he replied that there was no use in going to school because he knew more than the teachers. They asked him a number of difficult questions, all of which he answered correctly. His chief ability seems to be in arithmetic. Several sums were given him to work in his head, and he gave correct answers each time. One of the tests was to multiply 59 3/4 by 3 2/3. He looked down for a space of five seconds, then raised his head and gave the correct answer, 219 1/2.

"This may not appear to be beyond the ability of a smart boy, but when it is understood that Guy Scott has never been to school and has had no training of any kind it becomes remarkable. Caldwell looks with a good deal of pride upon her freak boy mathematician."

Walther's Peptonized Port purified and enriches the blood and destroys all poisons in the system. Try it.

A BOY'S WILD RIDE FOR LIFE.

With family around expecting him to die, and a son riding for life, 18 miles, to get Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, Coughs, and Colds, W. H. Brown, of Leesville, Ind., endured death's agonies from asthma, but this wonderful medicine gave instant relief and soon cured him. He writes: "I now sleep soundly every night." Like marvelous cures of Consumption, Pneumonia, Bronchitis, Coughs, Colds, and Grip prove its matchless merit for all Throat and Lung trouble. Guaranteed bottles 50¢ and \$1.00. Trial bottles free at Hall's drug store.

GOSSIP

Caused This Sensitive and True Wife to Take a Fatal Draught of Carbolic Acid.

Columbus, Ohio, Sept. 16.—The remains of a woman killed by gossip were interred here yesterday. Mrs. Edis Charlton suicided in Pittsburg, and her funeral was held during the afternoon from the residence of her mother, Mrs. D. M. Hubbard, at 266 Skidmore street. Mrs. Charlton lived with her husband and two year old child at 5-3 Butler street, Pittsburg. Friday night she is reported to have attended the theatre. When he returned home he found his wife unconscious and beside her an empty bottle which had contained carbolic acid. Physicians were unable to resuscitate her. A note which she left contained a sad story of how neighbors had prevaricated about her and said she was unfaithful to her husband, and before she died she was under the impression that he believed the reports.

Mrs. Charlton was married in this city five years ago to William Charlton, an iron worker.

JOHN AUSTIN DEAD.

Mt. Vernon, Sept. 16.—John Austin, a well known Englishman, died here yesterday after a long illness of kidney trouble. As a last resort, an operation was performed on Austin Saturday, and a portion of the diseased kidneys removed.

At the present ratio of progress 70 years will elapse before Pompeii is entirely uncovered. It is thought that as much treasure remains as has been exhausted.

The Newark Business College
Respects (4th year) Sept. 8, 1902. On the Business, Shorthand and Typewriting, English, and evening sessions. Send for Journal, S. L. Beecher, Principal.

MEYER BROS. & CO.

Special Suit Sale

Commencing Friday Morning

\$ 5.00 Suits now . . . \$ 1.98
\$ 7.50 Suits now . . . \$ 3.50
\$10.00 Suits now . . . \$ 5.00
\$15.00 Suits now . . . \$10.00

Jackets Less Than Half Price.

Meyer Bros. & Co.

Newark's Greater Store.

AN ORDINANCE

To appropriate property and condemn real estate for street purposes for the opening of Flory Avenue from the Second Alley North of Church street to Locust street.

Be it ordained by the City Council of the City of Newark, Ohio, two-thirds of the whole number of the members elected thereto concurring therein and declaring the same to be necessary:

Section 1. That it is deemed necessary by said City of Newark, Ohio, and it is hereby declared the intention of said city to and it does hereby condemn and appropriate the private property hereinafter described to the public use for street purposes, for opening Flory Avenue from the Second Alley North of Church street to Locust street, the following described property to-wit: Situate in the State of Ohio, County of Licking and City of Newark, bounded and described as follows, to-wit: Being 13 1/2 feet off the west side of lot 1217 in Drury's Addition to the City of Newark, Ohio, as the same appears upon the recorded plat of said addition in Plat Book 1, page 187 in the Recorder's office of said county.

Section 2. That the City Solicitor is hereby authorized and directed to apply to a court of competent jurisdiction in the County for impounding a jury to make inquiry into and assess the compensation to be paid for said property.

Section 3. That the entire cost and expense of said appropriation of said real estate shall be levied and assessed according to the benefits which may severally accrue upon the lots and lands described below:

Situate in the City of Newark, in the County of Licking and State of Ohio, and being lot 2613 in A. Flory's Third Addition to said city, lots 4596 to 4597 inclusive in A. Flory's Fifth Addition to said city, lots 2987 to 2993 inclusive in A. Flory's Fourth Addition to said city, and lot 1213 in Drury's Addition to said city.

Section 4. That this ordinance shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage and publication. Passed September 8, 1902.

HARRY W. ROSSEL, President.
F. T. MAURATH, City Clerk.

Death Of a Baby.

Last Saturday evening, just as the sun was growing dim, a beautiful boy baby came to gladden the hearts and home of Mr. and Mrs. Silas R. Smith, of Summer street, in the east end. The father and mother and friends were very happy over their new found treasure, but alas, it was only lent, not given, for at one o'clock on Monday afternoon the Death Angel came and took the little one back to the Paradise where it belonged. The grief of the parents is great, but in the dark night of sorrow the rainbow of hope shines the sky. They know their darling has been taken from the evil to come, and is now safe in the arms of the loving Saviour, who said, "Suffer little children to come unto Me, and forbid them not, for of such is the kingdom of Heaven."

Falconio Chosen.

Rome, Sept. 16.—The Vatican has definitely decided to send the Most Rev. Dionisio Falconio to Washington as Papal Delegate to the United States. Monsignor Falconio is now Apostolic Delegate for the Dominion of Canada.

Steeple-pointed caps, sometimes four feet in height, came into fashion in Italy and France in 1843. They fitted the head, ran to a sharp point above, and at the end the veil was fastened.

There are 25,000 pores in the hand of a man. There are 4,500 muscles in the body of a moth.

WE HAVE ORDERED THE SECOND SHIPMENT OF

WALTHER'S PEPTONIZED PORT

Although we have had it but a short time, the sales have been phenomenal and we predict increased sales as its merits become known.

All those who take it are recommending it to their friends for indigestion, dyspepsia, and all stomach and bowel trouble. Price 50¢ and \$1. Selling agents for Newark, Ohio is HALL'S DRUG STORE.

CLARET ICE

has become a common word in Newark. There is nothing else so cooling and refreshing on a very hot day. You get it at HALL'S DRUG STORE.

If your corns or bunions are painful you, the remedy is

HALL'S PAINLESS CORN CURE

always reliable and the best made. Your money back if it does not more than please you. Price 25¢.

HATTON'S FOOT RELIEF POWDER

for tired, aching or sweating feet, gives quick relief and is easy to use. We sell it at HALL'S DRUG STORE.

Allegretti's, Lowney's, and Gunther's Chocolate Creams—a good supply of all on hand for Carnival week at

Hall's Drug Store,
10 NORTH SIDE SQUARE.

E. M. P. BRISTER
ATTORNEY AT LAW—NEWARK.
Office in room formerly occupied by Joel M. Dennis, northwest corner West Main and Third streets.
Will practice in all the courts. Special attention given to the settlement of estates.

ASK
Druggist for
10 CENT
TRIAL SIZE.

Ely's Cream Balm
Gives Relief at once. It cleanses, soothes and heals the diseased membrane. It cures catarrh and drives away a cold in the head quickly. It is absorbed. Heals and protects the Mucous Membrane. Restores the Senses of Sight and Smell. Full size, 50¢; Trial Size, 10¢; at Drug-ELLY BROTHERS, 56 Warren St., New York.

FREE!
The Albany Dentists

Have enlarged their quarters and increased their help so as to meet the demands of their growing business. They hope now to be able to take care of all who come and have to turn none away as in the past. Until further notice they will extract one tooth for each person between the hours of 8 and 10, Friday mornings of each week. **FREE OF PAIN AND FREE OF CHARGE.**

Office hours: 8 a. m. to 5 p. m. Evenings from 7 to 8. Sundays 9 to 12 a. m. only.

31 1/2 SOUTH SIDE SQ.

Administrator's Sale.

I will offer at public sale at the late residence of Alfred Beall on the Grand Hill road, just west of Newark, on THURSDAY, SEPT. 18, 1902, all the personal property of Alfred Beall, deceased, consisting of one half of a 4 wheel spring wagon, phonograph, various tools, household furniture, cash, and other farm implements. Also certain rights in a house, store, and greenhouse and building and other household articles now being used in farming. Sale to be made at 1 o'clock p. m. A deed of the mortgage on all the above property and 6 1/2 acres of land approved by the court.